

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 24.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, OCT. 25, 1894.

NUMBER 9.

CLOTHING!!

Positively the Best Values ever Offered by any Concern.

Clothing That Is New,

Clothing That Is Stylish.

Clothing that is far Superior in fit and workmanship to any ready made clothing you ever looked at.

We start Mens Suits and Overcoats at \$4.50. Better goods than you have been asked to pay \$6.50 for previous to this year. Mens Beaver Overcoats, all colors, \$7.00, were never sold for less than \$10.00.

\$10.00.

Mens Suits, Overcoats and Ulsters at \$10.00. Hundreds to select from. Here is where we made our greatest effort and placed within the reach of all a class of goods never retailed for less than from \$14.00 to \$16.00 at a price in harmony with the times.

All Wool Beaver and Kersey Overcoats full length, handsomely lined, for \$10.00.

All Wool Cassimere, Cheviot and Worsted Suits for \$10.00.

Boys and Childrens Suits and Overcoats at from 25 per cent to 40 per cent below former prices.

Mens Wool Working Pants \$1.40, worth \$2.00.

Mens Lined Duck Coats \$1.00, worth \$1.50.

More new goods than we have ever shown. It will pay you to look.

W. P. SCHENK & CO.

WE ARE

Offering some great Bargains in

Dinner and Tea Sets and Glassware,

And have just received our stock of LAMPS, and have them all the way in price from 15c to \$15.

If you are looking for FURNITURE be sure and see us as we are headquarters.

HOAG & HOLMES.

Cheapest place to have pictures framed.

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO'S.

FAULTLESS FITTING STORE

Is the place you find the largest and most complete line of boots and shoes in Chelsea, at rock bottom prices. Also a large and complete assortment of men's and boy's hats, caps, gloves, mittens, etc. Grocery stock always complete and cheap.

20 pounds granulated sugar for \$1. 2 packages any kind yeast for 5c.
22 pounds Ex. C. sugar for \$1. The best 50c tea in town.
Best kerosene oil 7c per gallon. Good Coffee 19c per pound.

Highest Market Price for Butter and Eggs.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

* Artistic Granite Memorials. *
Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.
Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granits in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Ave.

Addie L. Snyder.

Addie L. Snyder, oldest child of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Snyder, died at her home after a brief illness a little before noon, Saturday, October 20, 1894.

She was born at Fosters, Mich., March 26, 1881, but for several years her home has been in Chelsea, where she has won the high esteem of all who knew her. Attractive, of bright intellect, possessing excellent musical talent, of noble character, she gave promise of large usefulness in the world's uplifting. She was converted nearly two years ago and for some time had been active in the Junior Endeavor Society of the Congregational church and expected to be baptized and unite with that church, when the new building should be completed.

When it became evident Saturday morning that she had but a few hours to live, she desired to be baptized, and Rev. C. L. Adams, pastor of the M. E. church, was called, in the absence of her pastor, to perform that service.

The funeral services were held in the M. E. church Monday afternoon, conducted by Rev. W. H. Walker, pastor of the Congregational church, who preached the sermon, assisted by Rev. C. L. Adams, who also spoke a few words. The crowded church, the beautiful floral tributes, the long procession of those associated with her in Junior Endeavor work and in school life, who followed the familiar form to its last resting place, bore testimony of the wide-spread appreciation of her character, and of the sympathy for those in affliction. "Ours is the loss, hers is the gain."

William Walker Ordained.

Several ministers and delegates from neighboring Congregational churches convened here last Thursday, and after a careful and thorough examination of William Walker, who has just entered upon the duties of Pastor of the Chelsea Congregational church, decided to ordain him to the gospel ministry.

The ordination services were held in the evening at the Lutheran church. The sermon was preached by Rev. Walter D. King, of Breckenridge; the ordaining prayer was offered by Rev. Bastion Smits, of Ypsilanti; the charge was given by Rev. John W. Bradshaw, of Ann Arbor; and the hand of fellowship by Rev. Wm. H. Brodhead, of Flint. The occasion was one of a good deal of interest, and a good audience was present, both at the examination in the afternoon and at the ordination services in the evening.

Chelsea Electric Light Company.

It has often been said, and truthfully too, that Chelsea is the liveliest town of its size in the state, and among our many business enterprises, The Chelsea Electric Light Co., which was organized a short time ago with a capital of \$25,000, has not been napping by any means.

The officers of the Company have been on the alert to better in every way possible their system of lighting, and after adding another large arc dynamo, the plant is second to none in the state for a village the size of Chelsea.

The Company is now in a position to furnish the Thomson-Houston 2,000 candle power arc lights, which are the best, one light being all that is required for an ordinary store, and two will light any single store. The lights have been tested on the street, and in the Chelsea House, G. E. Whitaker and F. P. Glazier & Co's. stores, and are pronounced by everyone that have seen them as just about the right thing.

There are now about seventy stockholders in the Company, a large number of which are employes of The Glazier Stove Co., and the officers of the Company are hustlers from away back. Every inhabitant of our thriving village should feel proud that we have such an efficient and well equipped lighting plant, and lend the Company every aid possible, to insure the continuance of the same.

Letter List.

Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Chelsea Oct. 23, 1894.

Miss Julia Gallagher.

Mr. John Kay.

Persons calling for any of the above please say "advertised."

GEO. S. LAIRD P. M.

PURE DRUGS.

WATCHES.

We are on the aggressive in every department of our store. If close prices and first-class goods are any object to you, we shall certainly receive a share of your patronage. Remember the Bank Drug Store when in need of anything in the line of Medicines.

Wall Paper

Stationery

GROCERIES

Silverware

Paints

Watches have taken the biggest tumble they ever have in the history of the trade, and every one who buys a time piece of us is getting the benefit. Don't buy without looking over our large new assortment.

Jewelry

Toilet Articles

Yours for close prices.

F. P. Glazier & Co.

FOR Latest Styles, Good Assortment, Lowest Prices,

—IN—

* MILLINERY, *

—GO TO—

MRS. J. STAFFAN.

YOU ARE OUT!

If you do not buy your

HARDWARE

AND

STOVES,

Also Paints, Oils, Cuttlery, Sewing Machines, Guns, Amunition, Saws, Axes, Stove Boards, Oil Cloth, and Tinware, of

C. E. WHITAKER,

South Main St.,

Chelsea, Mich.

Excelsior Bakery,

Chelsea, Mich.

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies always on hand. First-class Restaurant in connection

WM. CASPARY.

Subscribe

for the

Chelsea Herald.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

DOMESTIC.

WILLIS GRIFFEY (colored), charged with assault on Miss Leha Berry (white), was taken from jail at Princeton, Ky., by a mob and hanged.

A STRANGER distributed about \$400 in worthless old Indiana state bank notes at Anderson, Ind., and disappeared.

DURING the nine months of 1894 the excess in gold exports from the United States over imports was \$73,603,619 and of silver \$25,531,589.

ELDER FREEMAN and Mercer, Mormon missionaries who had converted fifty people near Centertown, Ky., mostly women, to their faith, were tarred and feathered by indignant citizens and driven away.

SEVENTEEN buildings in the business district of Liberty Center, O., were destroyed by fire, the loss being \$100,000.

A. E. SMITH, a letter carrier, rode from Chicago to New York on his bicycle in 7 days 14 hours and 5 minutes, lowering his own record.

AN association whose object is the suppression of gambling in the United States and Canada was formed in Chicago by Dr. W. G. Clarke and others.

THE total appropriations made at the first and second sessions of the Fifty-third congress amounted to \$492,230,685.

TWENTY-NINE vessels of the Gloucester (Mass.) fishing fleet, with an aggregate tonnage of 2,354 tons and 112 men, were lost during the past year, against ten vessels and fifty-three men last year.

TWO SISTERS of St. Joseph were burned to death and another seriously injured in a fire in Houston, Tex., which caused a loss of \$438,000.

IN his annual report Maj. Gen. Miles complimented the work of the federal troops during the recent railroad strike.

THE American ship Ivanhoe, coal laden, was reported lost off the Pacific coast with its crew of eighteen men.

THE post office at New Albany, Ind., was robbed during the noon hour of \$4,000 in stamps and several hundred dollars in cash.

IN the Meprose stake for 2-year-olds at Nashville, Tenn., Impetuous trotted two heats in 2:15 1/2, equalling the world's race record.

THREE schooners were wrecked in a gale on the Pacific and fears were expressed for the safety of others.

THE Merced bank at Merced, Cal., closed its doors with heavy liabilities. Black diphtheria was raging in the Indiana gas belt, especially in Anderson, Elwood and Middletown.

WILLIAM DAVIS and wife, an aged couple, while driving in a buggy were run over and instantly killed by a train at Mount Sterling, Ill.

OTTO ZIGLER rode a mile in 1:50 at Sacramento, Cal., reducing Johnson's world's bicycle record three-fifths of a second.

FIRE swept away the entire central portion of Sulphur, Ky., the loss being \$100,000.

LOUIS GIMM, of Cleveland, O., rode 883 miles 1,490 yards in a day on his bicycle, surpassing all records.

CHARLES KAMLER, of Davenport, Ia., wounded his sweetheart and killed himself because she refused to consent to an immediate marriage.

THE militia fired on a mob which tried to lynch William Dolby, the negro who assaulted Mrs. Mary C. Boyd (white) at Washington Court House, O., and three persons were killed and two wounded, three fatally.

KENTUCKY distillers formed a permanent association at Louisville and adopted a resolution to cut down production during the coming season to 15,000,000 gallons.

THE residence of Herman Barthold, a farmer near Toledo, O., was destroyed by fire and his two daughters, aged 12 and 7, were burned to death.

A SPAN of the bridge over the Ohio river at Jeffersonville, Ind., fell, carrying twenty workmen with it, and three were seriously injured.

EUGENE SCHAEWECKER, a wholesale grocer and liquor merchant of Cincinnati, committed suicide on the grave of his first wife.

DANIEL H. BURNHAM, of Chicago, was reelected president of the American Institute of Architects at the annual meeting in New York.

AN old Navajo Indian at Gallup, N. M., who married a young squaw against the wishes of her parents, shot and killed her and then killed himself.

NEARLY 24,000 democrats were placed in charge of post offices during the first year of the present administration.

THE French-Eversole feud broke out afresh in Perry county, Ky., and one member of each faction was killed in the encounter.

HARRIS OLNEY and Charles Dalton committed suicide at Brooklyn, N. Y., by turning on the gas in their room.

DURING a quarrel at Baltimore over a division of profits from their coal business Robert Herrlich shot and fatally wounded his father.

ANOTHER strike of weavers occurred at Fall River, Mass., making 6,000 persons out of employment.

IN his annual report Gen. Howard says the railroad strike showed the necessity of doubling the army.

WILLIAM BARNES, a clerk in the treasurer's office for thirty-five years, died in Washington. It was said that he had handled in his lifetime probably more money than any other man in the world.

IN trials against time at Hamilton, Ont., bicyclist Davidson lowered the record for the half mile standing to 0:58 and the quarter to 0:30.

FIRE destroyed a portion of the Tredegar iron works at Richmond, Va. Loss, \$150,000.

AT Philadelphia a new baseball association was formed, which is expected to be a strong rival to the National league.

IN the hearing of indicted gamblers in Chicago the big proprietors escaped only the lesser lights being found guilty.

JAMES WEST and G. H. Crenshaw, of Philadelphia, were killed by a landslide while crossing the Sierra Madres.

KRISTIAN KORTGAARD, ex-president of the Minneapolis State bank, was convicted of appropriating \$13,000 of its funds.

MISS MONROE was awarded \$5,000 in her suit against the New York World for prematurely publishing her world's fair ode.

BECAUSE of numerous train robberies the Pacific Express company will handle no more money in Indian territory.

A FIRE which started in Miller Bros' livery stable at Monticello, Ia., burned fifteen high-priced horses and destroyed half a dozen residences.

ROBERT J. and John R. Gentry paced a dead heat at Nashville, Tenn., in 2:04.

THE post office department has declared the Cooperative Loan & Investment company of Mississippi is conducting a lottery.

MINERS who took the places of strikers at Ashland, Ky., were fired upon from ambush and several of them were wounded.

WILLIAM DOLEY, the cause of the riot at Washington Court House, O., was taken to the penitentiary. Two more victims of the riot had died.

THE following congressional nominations were made by the democrats: Rhode Island, First district, C. H. Page (renominate); Second, Oscar Lapham (renominate). Massachusetts, Second district, E. A. Hall, Tennessee, Sixth district, J. A. Washington (renominate). Kentucky, Sixth district, A. S. Berry.

WHILE temporarily insane Elliott L. Titus, aged 24, killed Mary S. Duff, aged 23, at Sea Cliff, L. I., and then killed himself. The young people expected to be married soon.

Mrs. GEORGE EDDY and Mrs. Painter were killed by a passing train at a grade crossing near Byron, Ill.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 19th aggregated \$950,045,906, against \$927,428,877 the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was 3.1.

Mrs. MARY SAWYER and two daughters, aged 16 and 18, were killed at Dorchester, Neb., while driving over the Burlington tracks.

GEORGE GOLDMAN, a farmer living near English, Ind., killed his wife with a flatiron and then shot himself. He had been released from an insane asylum.

DANIEL DAFTON, a well-known lawyer, was mistaken for a burglar at Lilly, Pa., and fatally shot.

JUDGE SMITH, for twenty-seven years on the circuit bench at Galesburg, Ill., resigned because of ill health.

THERE were 253 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 19th, against 231 the week previous and 341 in the corresponding time in 1893.

THEODORE AMMERMAN, wounded in the riot at Washington Court House, O., died, making the total number of dead five.

IN Sleepy Hollow cemetery at Tarrytown, N. Y., a monument was unveiled to the residents of the town who fought in the revolutionary war. The day was the 113th anniversary of the surrender of Lord Cornwallis at Yorktown.

AN omnibus indictment was found in Chicago by the federal grand jury against the officers of the American Railway union and all strikers charged with violence and obstructing the mails.

ON a farm near Albion, N. Y., William Lake killed Miss Hunt because she refused to marry him and then killed himself.

AT Waltham, Mass., Tyler cut the 2-mile standing start bicycle record to 4:03.

SONS of the American Revolution presented a stand of colors to the Fifteenth regiment, U. S. A., at Fort Sheridan, in recognition of its gallant conduct during the late strike in Chicago.

FOUR men held up a Texas Pacific passenger train near Gordon, Tex., at noon and robbed the express car of an amount estimated at from \$1,000 to \$20,000.

TWENTY-FIVE of the largest wholesale manufacturers of clothing in Chicago organized a defensive association.

JAMES O. DOOLEY, the youthful murderer of his aunt and a 10-year-old cousin in Adams county, Ia., on May 11, 1892, was executed at Fort Madison.

CHARLES ERMIST and Otto Wengert were hanged in St. Paul, Minn., for the murder of Lindholm, a barkeeper, May 2 last.

ORGANIZATION of the new American Baseball association was completed in Philadelphia. W. S. Kanes was elected president, secretary and treasurer.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Mrs. JETTA SWARTS died in Chicago at the age of 105 years.

EDWARD CRATE, one of the pioneers of the far northwest and the original settler at The Dalles, Ore., is dead.

REV. E. HAZARD SNOWDEN, the oldest Presbyterian minister in the state, died at his home in Forty Fort, Pa., aged 95 years. He was the oldest living graduate of Princeton theological seminary.

JUDGE MACON B. ALLEN, the first colored man admitted to the bar in the United States, died in Washington.

MARGARET MURPHY, aged 108, died in New York city.

GEN. WILLIAM F. KEYNOLDS, a veteran of the Mexican war and a celebrated engineer, died suddenly at his home in Detroit, Mich., aged 73.

EVERETT P. WHEELER has accepted the nomination for governor of New York at the hands of the "democratic party reform organization."

THE following congressional nominations were made: Missouri, Eleventh district, Charles F. Joy (rep.); Twelfth, F. M. Sterrett (rep.); Tennessee, Tenth district, R. J. Rawlings (pop.).

EX-MAYOR GRANT accepted the Tammany nomination for mayor of New York, Nathan Straus having withdrawn his name.

FOREIGN.

PORT ARTHUR, one of the most strategic outposts of China, on the Gulf of Pie-chi-li, is reported to have been captured by the Japs.

IT was estimated that European countries would have to import 118,000,000 bushels of wheat, owing to the shortage in the crop.

IRREGULARITIES in the Bank of Brazil at Buenos Ayres, involving \$20,000,000, were discovered.

AN Indian paper announced the death of the ameer of Afghanistan.

ADVICES from San Domingo say that a cyclone leveled 700 houses there and damaged the coffee crop in Hayti.

UP to the end of September the total emigration from Great Britain this year was 121,173, a decrease of 57,559 as compared with the corresponding period of 1893. Of this number 82,031 shipped for the United States and 15,418 for Canada.

DURING a fire originating in a naphtha spring in Grosny, Transcaucasia, seventeen workmen were burned to death.

ADVICES from Caracas, Venezuela, announce the death of Feliciano Alvarez, acting president of the country.

A BILL was introduced in the Japanese parliament empowering the government to borrow 100,000,000 yen for prosecution of the war.

RUSSIAN officials admitted there was no hope of the recovery of the czar. Members of the imperial family were hurrying to Livadia.

LATER.

STEPHEN WILLIAMS, a negro who attempted to assault Mrs. Nardesty, an aged white woman, was taken from the jail at Marlboro, Md., by masked men and hanged.

JAMES ANTHONY FROUDE, LL. D., the English historian and theological writer, died in London, aged 76 years.

EVERY passenger conductor on the Grand Trunk system was shifted to another division as a result of recent "spotting."

THE working home for the blind at Iberia, O., was destroyed by fire and one inmate was fatally burned.

THE striking of a match by a careless bystander caused an explosion at a gas well near Greenfield, Ind., and five drillers were dangerously burned.

SILAS JONES and his wife and child perished in flames that destroyed their home near Knoxville, Ia.

THE government officials at Washington will endeavor to keep out seventy anarchists reported to be on their way to the United States.

Mrs. CHARLES WIMMER and her 11-year-old son, Louis, were killed by a Big Four train at Indianapolis.

FIFTH AUDITOR HOLCOMB in his annual report announces a deficit in the foreign mission fund for the year of \$90,000.

THE Intercolonial railway blacksmith shop and roundhouse at Rivere du Loup, Can., were destroyed by fire, the loss being \$200,000.

J. ADAM BEDE, United States marshal for Minnesota, has resigned rather than forego participation in the political campaign.

VESSELMEN at Philadelphia feared that the schooner John D. Williams, eight men, and the steamer Falcon, seven men, were lost.

THE Fond du Lac (Wis.) factory of the American Biscuit company was destroyed by fire, causing a loss of \$100,000.

JOSEPH DORSETT BEBLE, ex-governor of New Jersey, died in a New York hospital from a surgical operation, aged 63 years.

POSTMASTER GENERAL BISSELL issued an order that hereafter an address label may be pasted on the address side of an envelop as well as the message side of a postal card.

FIERCE gales raged along the British coast, wrecking numerous vessels and causing the loss of many lives.

ANDREW SMITH, a member of the firm of Smith Brothers, manufacturers of cough drops, died in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., aged 58 years. He was widely known as a philanthropist.

Shadow. Gray clouds hang o'er the fallen sun. And the meadow lark's flutes are faintly blown. From far meads, o'er the cornfields dun Lying low and lone.

Fine and thin are the mist shrouds spun By the night's cold hands, now the day has flown. Shrouds all white for the cornfields dun Lying low and lone.

Stillness; save where the little streams run Whispering, and the wind makes moan; And darkness bows o'er the cornfields dun Lying low and lone.

—Ingram Crockett, in Youth's Companion.

When Nature Needs assistance it may be best to render it promptly, but one should remember to use even the most perfect remedies only when needed. The best and most simple and gentle remedy is the Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

UNCLE JOHN (in the country)—"Just look at that meadow, with its carpet of green grass! Isn't it beautiful?" Flossie (from the city)—"Yes, Uncle John; but it isn't natural. There isn't a single 'keep off the grass' sign on it."

McVicker's Theater, Chicago. For two weeks, beginning Oct. 23, "Rush City," the new musical farce by Gus Heege, produced by Davis & Keogh, with specialties and remarkable scenic effects, is a very laughable and lively burlesque on Western booming methods.

Mrs. PANCAKE (suspiciously)—"Why are you hanging around my back window so long?" Tramp—"Ma'am, those apple pies are as purty as pictures, an' I'd like to be the frame o' one o' them."—Harper's Bazar.

★ WORLD'S-FAIR ★ HIGHEST AWARD! "SUPERIOR NUTRITION—THE LIFE!"

IMPERIAL GRANUM THE GREAT MEDICINAL FOOD

Has justly acquired the reputation of being The Salvator for INVALIDS and The-Aged.

AN INCOMPARABLE ALIMENT for the GROWTH and PROTECTION of INFANTS and CHILDREN

A superior nutritive in continued Fevers, And a reliable remedial agent in all gastric and enteric diseases;

often in instances of consultation over patients whose digestive organs were reduced to such a low and sensitive condition that the IMPERIAL GRANUM was the only nourishment the stomach would tolerate when LIFE seemed depending on its retention;

And as a FOOD it would be difficult to conceive of anything more palatable.

Sold by DRUGGISTS. Shipping Depot, JOHN CARLE & SONS, New York.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP ROOT

THE GREAT KIDNEY, LIVER and BLADDER CURE.

The Spring Tonic Makes thin, pale, sickly people well and strong.

La Grippe Cures the bad after effects of this trying epidemic and restores lost vigor and vitality.

Impure Blood Eczema, scrofula, malaria, pimples, blotches.

General Weakness Constitution all run down, loss of ambition and appetite, nervousness, tired and sleepless.

At Druggists 50 cents and \$1.00 Size. "Invalids' Guide to Health" free—Consultation free.

DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

Consumption was formerly pronounced incurable. Now it is not. In all of the early stages of the disease

Scott's Emulsion will effect a cure quicker than any other known specific.

Scott's Emulsion promotes the making of healthy lung-tissue, relieves inflammation, overcomes the excessive waste of the disease and gives vital strength.

For Coughs, Colds, Weak Lungs, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Consumption, Scrofula, Anemia, Loss of Flesh and Wasting Diseases of Children.

Buy only the genuine with our trademark on salmon-colored wrapper.

Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. FREE. Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists. 50 cents and \$1.

Hot Noons Chilly Nights

Of Fall present so many variations of temperature as to tax the strength and make a pathway for disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla will fortify the system against these dangers, by making pure, healthy blood.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

"Sores came out on my limbs. I tried different medicines, but none helped me. At last my mother heard of Hood's Sarsaparilla. After taking part of a bottle the sores began to heal, and after a short time I was completely cured. We keep it in the house most of the time. As a blood purifier I know of nothing better." LEOX ST. JOHN, Fairmont, Minn.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, hand made, perfect in proportion and appearance.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age. KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS., Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

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He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first.

No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

\$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF. \$4.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. \$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.

\$2.50 2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE. \$2.12 75 BOYS SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES. \$3.25 \$2.12 75 BEST GONGOLA.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas \$3.00 Shoe.

Because we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities.

We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP ROOT

THE GREAT KIDNEY, LIVER and BLADDER CURE.

FOR DURABILITY, ECONOMY AND FOR GENERAL BLACKING IS UNEQUALLED. HAS AN ANNUAL SALE OF 3,000 TONS.

WE ALSO MANUFACTURE THE SUNPASTE STOVE POLISH

FOR AN AFTER DINNER SHINE, OR TO TOUCH UP SPOTS WITH A CLOTH. MAKES NO DUST IN 5 & 10 CENT TIN BOXES. THE ONLY PERFECT PASTE.

MORSE BROS. PROP'S. CANTON, MASS.

A NEW \$900 UPRIGHT GRAND STEINWAY PIANO FREE

Is offered as a premium to agents selling most CHRISTY KNIVES by Dec. 31, '94. Write for particulars. CHRISTY KNIFE CO., Fremont, Ohio, Box B.

MY GRANDFATHER'S ORCHARD.

My grandfather's orchard! Ah, would I could see it.
As when in my childhood I climbed its dear trees,
And tasted its treasures so fragrant and luscious,
And fitted each fancy to certainly please.
In springtime its branches with flowers were laden,
And promised each palate exactly to suit.
When old time had wrought, with his wonderful magic,
The strange transformation from flower to fruit.
The yellow June eatings, so mellow and juicy,
The redstreaks, so pungently acid, for pies,
Seek-no-further and russets and pears and
and greenings,
Spice sweetenings and spies, I in memory prize.
Each name calls up visions, both pleasant and tender,
Of scenes that forever have passed from my sight,
Of fair summer days and long evenings of winter,
Of tasks done by day and of frolics by night.
In autumn we gathered the apples with gladness,
And stored them in boxes and barrels away;
We buried our teeth in their fresh juicy crispness,
And thought the fruit harvest was nothing but play.
Dear trees! That they loved us we never could doubt it;
They ministered both to our fancies and needs.
Their beauty rejoiced us; we ate of their apples,
Our fortunes we told with the parings and seeds.
Hesperides' gardens could not have been fairer,
Nor sweeter to taste their famed apples of gold.
Fond love grants a charm to whatever it touches,
That safe from time's withering breath doth enfold.
So grows in my heart my loved grandfather's orchard,
With blossoms and fruits ever fragrant and gay.
While birds in the branches are caroling sweetly,
And beneath them are children forever at play.
—Sylvia M. Farnum, in Ladies' Home Journal.

SARAH RAWDON'S LOVE.

It Was Faithful to a Jealous and Frenzied Lover.

At dinner-time Sarah came out of the factory and sat upon a stone step in the stone yard to eat her dinner.
It had been her custom to sit in the midst of the other girls, the merriest of them all, at this time, but now she wanted to get by herself.
She wanted to think, as we generally do when thought is most pain to us, and she was in that condition of mind when we could almost fancy ourselves to have a dual identity. One Sarah Rawdon seemed to hold an argument with another Sarah Rawdon in this wise: The first was the old Sarah she had known for nineteen years—her mother's obedient daughter, the good Sunday school scholar, the steady, sensible little Sarah, to whom duty was before everything else. That Sarah talked in this way: "I am engaged to Charles Arthur. I am very fond of him. I ought to be; he is so good, so fond of me. We have been promised in marriage a long while. I have been so sorry for him since he met with that accident, through which my mother and I nursed him. Now that he has the engineer's place in the factory we need wait no longer. I ought to be very glad—I am glad. I shall not work in the mill after that. I shall keep his house for him. What is this strange, wicked feeling at my heart? What does it mean?"
The other Sarah—a new Sarah—seemed to say this: "I engaged myself to Charles Arthur before I knew my own mind. I never really loved him; he is very much older than I; he has a jealous disposition. The pity I feel for his hurt does not keep me from knowing that it disfigures him. I have met the man I love—I cannot help loving him. I know I shall be miserable if I do not. I won't stick to my engagement; I will break it. I love Ben Barton, and he loves me."
Which was the real Sarah? The poor girl did not know. She felt as though she must really be going quite out of her mind.
Meanwhile, at the window of his room the engineer sat moodily, his face dark with trouble.
He ought to have been happy, it seemed. When, three years before, he had lost a good position all through what was called "carelessness," he had never hoped to get another so good. He had lamed himself for life, and had been haunted for a long while by deep remorse.
Something had happened that had absorbed his whole attention, and he had forgotten his engine, and the result was a terrible one.
He had retrieved his character, however. He had a good position again. He was about to be married to the prettiest girl he knew, and there were many who thought him a very enviable fellow.
On the contrary, he was very wretched, for he had just made sure that Sarah cared more for Ben Barton than she did for him, and he was furious with jealousy. He had made up his mind to talk to Sarah, that noon-time, but one assistant engineer had been taken ill and was at home, and the engine could not be deserted. All he could do was to get near the window and watch, hoping that she would pass.
If she should come that way on purpose, knowing that he was tied in that room by his duty, and look up at him

and smile, then he would know that she cared for him still. Where was she? Talking to Ben Barton, perhaps; and at this thought he could have killed the young fellow.
Before his accident he could have dared to run down into the yard and look for her, catch a kiss and be back again; but it would take too long now. His mind went back to the day when he had forgotten his engine in the wrath he felt for a fancied insult.
"What a fool I was!" he muttered.
"What a confounded fool! But I've paid for it. I used to be the strongest fellow I knew, if I was not the handsomest. How can I expect a girl to like me now?"
Then a memory came to him.
Once she had told him she loved him all the better for his hurt. She meant it, too; but she had not seen this Ben Barton when she said it.
The big, dark man, with his face all blackened with his toil, in his rough clothes, and with the light of the furnace on his face, might have been taken by a romantic stranger peeping into the engine room for something almost demonic at that moment. But his heart was softening very much at that moment. He remembered the soft touch of Sarah's fingers on his brow when he was ill—her cooling voice.
"She can't be a false thing," he said, and he left his window and went to the other side of the room and peered through a break in the boards. Thence he could see the courtyard and stone steps, and there sat Sarah alone, eating her dinner; waiting for him, perhaps. All that was tender in the man thrilled within him now.
"Sarah," he said, softly smiling un- seen upon her. He whistled, but the sound did not reach her. "Little Sally," he repeated, "I am a jealous beast. I've frightened you. Why shouldn't you have a dance now and then, child? Why shouldn't you know you are pretty? I could beat myself!"
"Lots of steam on," said a workman, passing by the engine-room. "But I suppose the fellow knows what he is about."
I scarcely think the fellow did at this moment, for he had just seen Ben Barton run down the steps and come behind Sarah very softly and touch her on the cheek with a straw he had in his hand. She started and turned and blushed.
"Was she waiting for him?" asked the engineer, his face darkening again—"was she waiting for him?"
Sarah had laughed, but her face grew grave again—grave, but very sweet; the conflict between conscience and inclination was over. She had made a decision. She looked at Ben as he sat down beside her, and thought how handsome he was. But she remembered that same moment that—the memory of which had come into Charles Arthur's heart and softened it just now. She had put her arms about his neck, and told him she loved him better for his hurt, and she had meant it from her soul.
It came to her that this new emotion was, perhaps, a fleeting passion; that the long, old-time home tenderness was all Arthur's, and she listened to what Ben Barton said very quietly.
"I've been looking for you, Sarah," he said. "I have something I want to tell you. I can't rest until you know it. I like you so much I want you to like me. I want you to be my wife, my dear. Will you?"
Sarah's heart gave one great leap. Then, to her joy, she felt that it was true to its love, after all. The words came to her:
"Oh, I do like you, Mr. Barton. very much, but only as a friend. I am engaged to be married, and, of course, I could not like anyone else in any other way."
The blood rushed into the young man's face.
"I can't say you have acted much like an engaged girl," he said.
"Well, perhaps I've been wrong," said Sarah, mildly, feeling the reproach a just one; "but I thought every one knew. It is Charles Arthur. We are to be married very soon now. We've been engaged ever since I was sixteen. He is very fond of me."
"That's no reason you should marry him if you like me best," said Ben; "and, really, I can't see, since it is Charles Arthur, why you shouldn't; he is about the last person I should fancy a girl could like."
"You see," said Sarah, "people can't tell about that." And she had scarcely ever felt so lovingly to her betrothed husband before.
Little he knew it, as he watched her through the crevice in the boards, his face growing crimson with wrath; all forgotten, but the sight he saw. He could not hear what Sarah said, and the attitude of the young man was very lover-like.
The engine was throbbing like a mad thing, like his own heart. A shrewd little boy, with all a little boy's observing power, stopped at the door, feeling that something was wrong.
"There'll be a bust up," he said. Then he called: "Mister! Mister!" and at last went in and pulled him by the coat.
But the engineer was an engineer no longer—only a jealous lover. Furious to be spied on, he turned and gave the boy a kick.
Meanwhile Ben had arisen.
"Well, I'm not one to stand in another fellow's way," he said. "Good-bye, Sarah; I shan't see you again very soon, I suppose, and I've liked you so

much. Will you kiss me once—just once, to say it is over, you know?"
"I think there can be no harm in that," said Sarah.
Charles Arthur's eyes were at the crevice again, in time to see that kiss. "He's got her!" he yelled.
And then, what was it—the noise, the beating pulse, that shook the building? He turned—a memory of that past scene of horror and destruction rushing over him.
"Again! again! again!" he shrieked, and flew to his engine.
It was too late!
What had happened? Sarah did not know. Bewildered, shaken, horrified, she stood among fallen beams and burning boards, and found herself unhurt.
Ben held her tight. Neither was injured, but at their feet, cast there, it seemed, through the broken wall, lay a dead man, torn, mutilated, terrible to see, with that look of horror frozen on his face, but she knew him.
The engineer was the only man killed by the explosion, though others escaped only as it seemed by a miracle. At the inquest the boy who called him gave his evidence.
"I saw something was going to burst and I called him, but he was peepin' through a crack. I peeped then—he was watchin' another feller kiss Sarah. I suppose that made him so angry he didn't care what bust."
It was the week after Charles Arthur's funeral that Ben Barton met Sarah Rawdon near her father's house and offered his hand.
Sarah did not take it; she turned away.
"I could not touch your hand," she said. "I hate you. Never, never speak to me again! Oh, Charley, my Charley!"
But fate had not yet completed its work. Grief soon shattered the girl's constitution, and she was at last compelled to lie down upon a bed of pain. Long and patient did her aged mother watch and pray over her, but in vain.
"The prospect of death grows sweeter every day," said Sarah, just before the final scene, "for I may meet Charley hereafter."
And she died with his name upon her lips.—N. Y. Journal.

WOULD LIVE ROYALLY.

She Had But Half a Year to Live, But Would Make It Gay.
Heroes do not always die on battlefields. We all know that, but now and then the truth of the statement is exemplified in a manner that is forceful. One evening there came into the room where I sat a beautiful woman, tastefully attired. Her eyes were un- naturally brilliant, and in her cheeks there flamed a color like a stain of blood. I recognized her at once as a well known and highly successful teacher in one of Chicago's public schools. There was something about her appearance that surprised me, for heretofore upon the occasions when we had met she had been notable for the plainness, not to say shabbiness of her attire. The rich velvet of the cape she wore and the feathers on her elegant hat caused me to exclaim:
"Why, how handsome you look. What have you struck?"
"Death," was the answer. "The doctors have told me to-day that I have an incurable disease and cannot possibly live longer than six months. I have scripped myself all my life to save money and buy books and cultivate my mind. I am through with all that; now I am going to take a hand at the material pleasures. If I have but half a year to live I'll live royally."
Since that time she has wasted rapidly, but the room where she lies is full of flowers and objects of beauty. The gowns she wears are creations of beauty, and she allows no mourning nor any allusion to her fate in her presence. She faces death with an absolute heroism that makes one want to applaud rather than to weep. This manifestation is not so grand as the manifestation of moral courage might be, but there is something about it which makes the blood tingle a bit.—Chicago Herald.

Touching Gratitude.

A wealthy man spent a summer in his native town, a quiet, almost unheard-of little village in New England. His ancestors for nearly a century had been buried in the cemetery on the hill behind the town, and he improved his visit to enlarge the family lot, that room might be made for the final resting-place of himself and his own family. He had made the town gifts of a small library and a drinking fountain, and had been most generous in other ways. The evening before his departure for his city home he was waited upon by a large delegation of the most prominent citizens of the place, who came to make some acknowledgment of his generosity. The spokesman of the party delivered himself of a long and highly eulogistic harangue, ending with these words: "And when, as is your avowed intention, you come among us in the guise of a corpse, it will be our highest duty and our chief pleasure to see that your grave is kept green."—Harper's Magazine.

—A Wise Reason. — Friend—"Why don't you get married?" Bachelor—"I'm going to, I suppose, but not until I find that I am as miserable without the loved one as I could possibly be with her."—Detroit Free Press.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

State Board of Health Report.

Reports to the state board of health by sixty-six observers in different parts of the state during the week ended October 13 show that inflammation of the bowels increased, and that cholera infantum and cholera morbus decreased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 285 places, scarlet fever at forty, typhoid fever at eighty, diphtheria at thirty-three, measles at two, and smallpox at Detroit, Manchester and Rives township.

Odd Fellows Elect Officers.

At the annual encampment of the Michigan odd fellows in Hillsdale the following officers were elected and installed:
Josiah Dandy, Grand Rapids, grand patriarch; Henry Messer, Newaygo, grand high priest; Frank Shepper, Cheboygan, grand senior warden; William Skinner, Fort Gratiot, grand junior warden. Appointive officers: Robert Donovan, Charlotte, grand marshal; N. A. Metz, Marquette, grand inside sentinel; Earl Fairbanks, Luther, grand outside sentinel.

Farmers Being Robbed.

Saginaw county farmers complain bitterly of the depredations of thieves who make raids on their cellars, potato patches, etc., and sell the farm produce in Saginaw. John M. Kierman, of Birch Run, had 100 pounds of butter stolen out of his cellar, and Bridgeport farmers report many hundreds of bushels of potatoes that have vanished from their furrows.

Tired of Life.

Thomas Knox, a farm hand working on Callaghan's farm west of Bay City, did his chores in the morning, then went into the barn and hung himself in a stall, being dead when discovered a few minutes later. He had often said that he would hang himself, as his mother died the same way, and he would follow her example.

Stock Fed on Wheat.

Reports made by several hundred correspondents from as many sections of the state show that 18 per cent., or one-fifth, of the wheat crop of Michigan is being fed to stock. Most of this is now being fed to hogs. Later it will be fed more extensively to other stock and the percentage will materially increase.

Found the Commissioners Guilty.

The special committee at Bay City appointed to investigate the expenditures of the county road commission reported the board guilty of misappropriations, and charged it with the expenditure of nearly \$3,000 for the purpose of draining a farm belonging to one of the commissioners.

Found Dead in Bed.

Gen. William Francis Reynolds, aged 74 years, a gallant soldier in the Mexican and civil wars, was found dead in bed at his home in Detroit. He spoke at a church meeting the previous evening and retired apparently in his usual health. He died of heart failure. He leaves a widow.

Wants the Farm Himself.

William D. Trombley began suit in Detroit against John H. Seitz to set aside the deed he gave to the latter of his interest in the Chauvin farm. He alleges misrepresentation and fraud. His interest is worth \$125,000. Seitz was to pay \$50,000.

Short But Newsy Items.

Julius Lichtenberg, one of the school inspectors at Detroit, under indictment for receiving a bribe, probably fatally shot himself.
The Saginaw Coal company, at Sebewaing, will abandon its mine workings, as there is danger of a collapse of the walls and roof.
Mrs. John Dyer burst a blood vessel in her right leg at her home in Bay City and expired immediately, leaving five small children motherless.
The annual meeting of the Universalists of Michigan was held at Charlotte, and Rev. Lee S. McColester, of Detroit, was elected president.
Emory Allen, a well-known resident of Hartland, dropped dead while sitting in a chair at his home. He was 68 years of age.
While drilling a well at Big Rapids a vein of gas was struck at a depth of 51 feet, after going through a vein of clay over 30 feet thick.
An armory to cost \$5,000 is being talked of at Menominee. Business men of the city are the leaders in the movement.
The Saginaw valley cities will be united by an electric railroad next season.
Fred Bar and Hiram Kiefe, state school boys who ran away from Jackson several days ago, were located at Big Rapids and taken back.
At the annual meeting in Boston of the National Horseshoers' association J. C. Buckley, of Detroit, was elected president.
The veterans of the First Michigan Engineers and Mechanics held their reunion at Marshall. Thirty-three years ago this fall they rendezvoused at that place.
A tramp entered the house of Joseph Wells, of Adams township, during the absence of the family and stole about \$100 in money and then fired the premises.

The plant of the Upper Michigan Brewing company at Iron Mountain was ordered sold to satisfy the claims of the National Loan & Investment company and the Third national bank of Detroit, amounting to \$69,070.

THE REGULAR ARMY.

Annual Reports of Maj. Gen. Miles and Howard.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Maj. Gen. Nelson A. Miles, commanding the department of the Missouri, has submitted his annual report. It says there have been no changes of troops during the year, and continues:

"As in previous years, the troops in the Indian and Oklahoma territories have been occupied during much of this time in removing trespassers from the public lands, in preserving order in the newly-settled region and in keeping the peace between the hostile factions of the semi-civilized Indian tribes. In addition to removing and expelling intruders in the Choctaw nation and from the Osage and Kawind reservations the troops stationed at Forts Reno, Sill and Supply were called on for the purpose of protecting United States mails, guarding railroad bridges and supporting the United States marshal in making arrests."

"All of these difficult duties have been performed in a manner which shows good judgment and discretion on the part of the officers and a good state of discipline and faithful service on the part of the troops, and it is believed that but for their prompt intervention much bloodshed would have resulted. The troops, having quickly and efficiently accomplished the arduous duties assigned to them, have been withdrawn from the field and returned to their respective stations.
"The conduct of the troops in restoring order and confidence when mob violence and a reign of terror existed in Chicago, was marked by great forbearance, fortitude and excellent discipline, and their presence and action there very greatly contributed to the maintenance of civil law, and, in my opinion, saved this country from serious rebellion when one had been publicly declared to exist by one most responsible for its existence."

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Maj. Gen. Howard goes on the retired list November 8. He entered the military service as a cadet in 1850. This fact lends interest to his annual report, from which the following is extracted:

Gen. Howard's report shows that his forces, consisting of 413 officers and 4,935 men, were distributed among 26 garrisons and 38 not garrisoned posts. Affairs in the department have been very peaceful except for the interruption of the Chicago strike. His apprehensions of the troubles extending to the larger eastern cities at that time were not realized, but says Gen. Howard, should such difficulties arise again and simultaneously in cities far apart, the necessity for regular troops and more of them than this department now affords is apparent. Just how the national guard in several states in the department is well organized and responds promptly to every call of duty; still, if more than one state is involved in any event growing out of anarchy, the executive will always require his own troops. They will be essential to his execution of the laws and the maintenance of order. Of course, governors of states could cooperate, but they might disagree, or be reluctant in meeting sudden emergency. He strongly recommends an increase of the army to at least double the size of our present force.

SHOT FROM AMBUSH.

Employes in the Carter County Mining District Attacked by Strikers.

ASHLAND, Ky., Oct. 20.—The outbreak that has been expected for some days in the Carter county mining district, came Thursday morning in the ambushing of the miners of the Straight Creek Coal company by the strikers. The miners were fired upon from the bushes along the hills as they were enroute to the mine and a number were wounded. Jack Marcum and John Morris were fatally shot, while Bob Evans, John Adams and several whose names were not secured, were also reported as badly injured. The bullets, in each case came from Winchester rifles. During the balance of the day the appearance of a miner at the pit mouth or the tippie was a signal for renewed firing. Word was sent to Grayson, the county seat, and the sheriff and a posse of deputies were quickly summoned. They spent the day scouring the hills and succeeded in capturing George Tyree, James Coburn, Bob and John Taylor, Will Sneed and two others, but these men were unarmed when found and protested innocence. They were removed, however, to Grayson for safe-keeping and will be held for further developments. The excitement is intense and extra guards are out, as further trouble is expected.

A BOY PAYS THE PENALTY.

First Legal Hanging in Iowa for the Last Eight Years.

FORT MADISON, Ia., Oct. 20.—The first legal hanging that has been had in Iowa for eight years took place in the penitentiary at this place at 12:15 Friday, when James O. Dooley suffered the death penalty for murder. Sheriff Eldridge, of Adams county, was the executioner. Dooley's neck was not broken by the drop and it was twenty minutes before life was pronounced extinct. He made the following speech before the black cap was placed on his head:

"You are criminals. This execution is illegal. The law says there shall be seventeen present, but there are nearly twenty-five and more coming down the hall. Rich men may violate the law with impunity, but poor men must suffer for their crimes, and I must suffer. I hope God will forgive you for your sins. He has forgiven mine."

The crime for which Dooley suffered death, the murder of his aunt and cousin, was committed in Adams county, Ia., May 11, 1892. Dooley, who was but 16 years old, was employed as a farm hand by W. H. Coons, his uncle by marriage, on a farm a mile or so out from Cornin.

The Business Situation.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Bradstreet's says: "With few exceptions the leading features of the business situation this week have been those of continued moderate improvement, although the total volume of business, so far as indicated by bank clearings throughout the country, will require considerable expansion to compare favorably with corresponding totals two years ago. Nearly all the more important business centers west and north-west report moderate activity, but few of them announce new features."

Crying Over Spilt

MILK

DOESN'T DO ANY GOOD.

Perhaps the last pound of Coffee you bought was of skimmed-milk quality, if so, don't let that bother you, for that would simply be crying over spilt milk. It may be that you have not tried our Brands and don't know how good they are. We will say this: They are the very

CREAM

Of the market. If you buy Coffees and Teas of us you won't have any spilt milk to cry over.

- 20 pounds of Granulated Sugar for \$1.00.
- New 4-Crown Raisins 8 cents per pound.
- Electric Kerosine Oil 7 cents per gallon.
- No. 1 Lamp Chimneys 3 cents each.
- No. 2 Lamp Chimneys 5 cents each.
- Good Mince Meat 5 cents per package.
- 2 packages Yeast for 5 cents.
- Fresh Roasted Peanuts 8 cents per pound.
- Full Cream Cheese 12 1/2 cents per pound.
- 5 pounds Vail & Crane Crackers for 25 cents.
- Boston Baking Powder 20 cents per pound.
- The Best Broken Java Coffee 19 cents per pound.
- Best Canned Corn 7 cents per can.
- Best Alaska Salmon 12 1/2 cents per can.
- 3 packages German Sweet Chocolate for 25 cents.
- Bakers Premium Sweet Chocolate 40 cents per pound.
- Royal Baking Powder 45 cents per pound.
- Good N. O. Molasses 25 cents per gallon.
- The Best Cider Vinegar in town 20 cents per gallon.
- Good Fine Cut Tobacco 25 cents per pound.
- Good Plug Tobacco 25 cents per pound.
- Best Bulk Cocoanut 25 cents per pound.
- Epps Cocoa 20 cents per box.
- All Starches 6 cents per package.
- Arm & Hammer Soda 6 cents per pound.
- The Purest Spices that can be bought.

Armstrong & Co.

TEAS!

Please Call and
Examine our
Teas, Coffees and
Molasses.

GEO. BLAICH.

Central Meat Market!

ADAM EPPLER, PROP.,

Is the place to buy

Fresh Meats, Smoked Meats, Salt Meats,
Poultry and Oysters.

Our aim is to please patrons, and a most liberal patronage leads us believe that we are succeeding. Respectfully,

ADAM EPPLER.

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.

It Tickles

ALL WHO WANT JEWELRY.

OUR
LOW PRICES
A GREAT SUCCESS.

AT ALMOST
WHOLESALE
PRICES.

WATCHES,
CLOCKS,
CHAINS,
CHARMS,
RINGS,
PINS,
ETC

L. & A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

Chelsea and Vicinity.

Dr. Thos. Holmes is a Detroit visitor this week.

Wm. Judson was in Ypsilanti last Tuesday on business.

Born, Oct. 19, 1894, to Mr. and Mrs. John Kalmbach, a son.

Mrs. A. Durand spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. McAllister, at Detroit.

Miss Rose Murphy spent Sunday with her sister, Miss Minnie, of Jackson.

Dr. Rice, of Ann Arbor, was the guest of Dr. Palmer last Saturday and Sunday.

Judge Babbitt reports eighteen commitments to the insane asylum during the past year.

Miss Amanda Spaulding visited her aunt Mrs. Herman Updike, of Grass Lake, the past week.

Chas. Smith left for Ypsilanti last Monday, where he has accepted a position in a meat market.

C. E. Whitaker returned home last Sunday with twenty-five thoroughbred Black Top sheep.

Drs. Darling and McClimans, of Ann Arbor, were in town Saturday on professional business.

Mrs. L. H. Wood and daughter, Miss Mae, of Jefferson street, are the guests of friends at Jackson.

The new Congregational church is now under cover, and the inside work will be pushed along rapidly.

The Misses Blanche Cushman and Grace Alley, of Dexter, were among Chelsea friends last Saturday.

The W. R. C. will hold their regular meeting this week Friday evening, Oct. 26th, 1894, at seven o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Hewes, of Jackson are being entertained by Mr. Hewes' sister, Mrs. N. Bates, of North street.

The Gregory Base Ball Club will play with the Chelsea Club at Recreation Park, Thursday afternoon, Oct. 25th.

Miss Nellie Copeland, of Dexter, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Holmes, of East Middle street, last week.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Schumacher died last Monday. The funeral took place Wednesday.

Mrs. Peter Oesterle and son, Arthur, of South Main street, were the guests of friends in Ann Arbor, last Saturday.

A. Neuberger has purchased one of M. J. Lehman's houses on Congdon street, and will remove to the same this week.

S. A. Mapes, proprietor of the Chelsea Steam Laundry, informs us that he expects to open this laundry for business next week.

Mrs. Abbie Eastman, of Jackson, spent a few days of last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Speer, of Orchard street.

Usual services at the Baptist church next Sunday morning. Conquest meeting of the Baptist Young People's Union in the evening.

Henry Frey is breaking ground for the erection of a commodious modern dwelling on the lots he purchased of the Thomas estate on South Main street.

Adam Kalmbach's dwelling house, about two miles west of Chelsea, together with contents, was consumed by fire last Friday. Loss, \$1,000, partially covered by insurance.

The Young Peoples Entertainment Course will open Friday evening, Oct. 26, with a concert by the Arion Entertainers. The company have been highly praised wherever they have been, and this entertainment promises to be exceedingly enjoyable. Single admission, 35 and 20 cents. Season-tickets, \$1.50.

Miss Considine and Miss Dunn, of Detroit, were guests at St. Mary's Rectory last Sunday. Miss Considine left for home on Monday morning, but Miss Dunn, who is a cousin of Father Considine, is still a welcome guest at the Rectory. She is a vocalist of high ability, possesses a sweet, rich and beautiful soprano voice, and has materially assisted in the singing at St. Mary's church during the Mission.

A census bulletin has been issued giving the ownership and debts of farms in Michigan. It shows that 82.99 per cent of the farms are owned and of these 50.65 per cent are owned free of encumbrance. The debt on farms amounts to \$64,414,986, which is 32.28 per cent of their value. The interest rate is 7.10 per cent. Of the homes 58.48 are owned and 67.75 per cent of these are owned free of incumbrance.

As the words are commonly used, there is little distinction made between the terms corn fodder and corn stover. Corn fodder is the name properly given to the corn plant when gathered, including the grain, and corn stover applies only to the stalks when cut and secured for feed after the ears have been removed. This distinction, though not yet generally observed, will sometimes prove very useful when it comes to be freely recognized.

The Mission.

The Mission at St. Mary's church this week, is attended by very large numbers of people, and great interest is being shown. The church is in festal attire, and the music and sermons are especially fine.

The Redemptorist Fathers, O'Shea and Nierman are forcible and eloquent speakers. Miss Mary Dunn, of Detroit, who is noted for her rare vocal powers, has charmed the congregation by her exquisite rendition of several sacred pieces, notably the "Ave Maria," by eminent composers. Miss Dunn will sing at the High Mass and vesper service next Sunday. The beautiful ceremony of the dedication and consecration of the children of the parish to the Blessed Virgin Mary will take place next Saturday evening.

The Mission will close next Sunday evening with solemn and impressive services and the bestowal of the Papal Benediction. The Reverend Fathers will leave Chelsea for Pinckney, on Monday, Oct. 29, 1894, where they will open a Mission at 7:30 p. m. to continue for one week.

The Maccabee Banquet.

For some days previous to last Friday night the casual observer might readily have discovered that some unusual event was about to take place among the two branches of that unusually bustling society known in every-day life as the Sir Knights and Lady Maccabees, of Chelsea. They could be seen flitting about, each particular "bee" wearing a knowing smile that seemed to say, "Don't you wish you were in it?"

The whole affair exploded Friday evening, when the members of the order began to flock to the Opera House, each bearing a burden of "honey" or some other commodity equally as toothsome, and when seven o'clock arrived, the evening air was heavily laden with the buzzing of a miniature army of bees, while from the windows came the aroma of many articles which appeal to the senses of the inner man.

The affair which had created so much animation on the part of the Maccabees was nothing more or less than a sumptuous banquet by way of preface to the ceremonies of the evening. In other words some twenty-five members of Chelsea tent were about to take the Oriental degree, which was conferred by Dexter tent, there being about sixty members present from that tent.

After the gorgeous array of tempting dishes had been fully discussed the ceremonies proper came on the carpet and were disposed of to the credit and satisfaction of all concerned, then a social dance followed, after which all departed, feeling that they had indeed spent a pleasant evening.

Thunder and Lightning!

Visited Chelsea last Saturday morning. It skipped along the electric light wire, burning out many of the lamps and walked into the power house where the engineer and some forty of the employees of the Stove factory were waiting to go to work, all of which were somewhat amused to see the lightning come in and pop like a pistol as it struck the motor and passed to the earth on a ground wire, but when the big flash came, accompanied with a cannon boom of thunder, it had become anything but a welcome visitant, and the boys all made a rush to get out, thinking the building was struck, but no damage was done.

Some half dozen telephone poles on West Middle street were shattered, and the farmers west of this village report that much of their wire fence is damaged.

Students' Lecture Course.

Dates have now been definitely fixed for the Students' Lecture Association, at Ann Arbor, as follows:

- T. B. Gordon, Nov. 17.
- Robert J. Burdette, Dec. 7.
- Murat Halstead, Dec. 15.
- Ex-Gov. Wm. E. Russel, Jan. 18.
- Pres. Talmage, Feb. 8.
- U. of M. Oratorical Contest, March 15th.
- Lotus Glee Club, with Prof. Clark Impersonator, March 22.
- John W. Daniel, April 5.
- Ex-President Harrison, open date.

A Million Friends.

A friend in need is a friend indeed, and not less than one million people have found just such a friend in Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and Colds.—If you have never used this Great Cough Medicine, one trial will convince you that it has wonderful curative powers in all diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs. Each bottle is guaranteed to do all that is claimed or money will be refunded. Trial bottles free at Glazier & Co's., Drug store. Large bottles 50c and \$1.00.

A Square Deal

Is what we give to every customer, for we believe the best advertisement is a man pleased with the goods we've sold him—pleased with his investment clear through. He will come again and again, and his friends will come too. We sell goods with the expectation of holding your trade. It is to our interest to treat you square.

The following are a few of our Bargains:

- Frankforts, the best in the market, 10 cents per pound.
- Ham sausage, as good as you ever ate, 8 cents per pound.
- Bolognas, made from the finest of meat, only 7 cents per pound.
- Good boiling beef, 5 cents per pound.
- Beef rib 5 cents per pound.
- A good pair of shoes for boys or girls, only 85 cents per pair.
- The best thing in the overall line in town only 50 cents per pair.
- Come to us for your gloves this fall Large line. Price right.
- If you want a good whip for next to nothing, come to us.
- Remember we keep everything in the grocery line.
- 1000 gallons syrup, sold everywhere at 30 and 40 cts., our price, 18c per gallon.

R. A. SNYDER.

MILLINERY

For stylish and artistic work we call your attention to this season's display of

Hats & Bonnets.

Also a fine line of

Feathers, Ribbons

and

Millinery Novelties.

All new and handsome trimmings.

ELLA M. CRAIG,

Over H. S. Holmes' store.

Dr. W. A. CONLAN,
DENTIST,

Office Over Glazier's Drug Store,
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

PALMER & TWITCHELL

PHYSICIANS

AND

SURGEONS.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

H. W. SCHMIDT,

Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.

OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and 3 to 5.

Operative, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advice given free. Special attention given to children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently located.
H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.,
Office over Kempf Bro's bank.

S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

Bedding Sale.

100 pairs Blankets worth \$1.....only 62 cents
 75 pairs Blankets worth \$1.50.....only \$1.00
 50 pairs Blankets worth \$2.00.....only \$1.50
 25 pairs Blankets worth \$5.00.....only \$3.00

We are the agents for the Amana all Wool Blankets. They are made in a non-croaking Red, also in Grey, White and Cream. They are fully warranted not to shrink or fade, and in fact we guarantee the quality and price of these goods in every respect.

Also special prices on all Comfortables, Counterpanes, Sheetings and Pillow Casings.

S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Sole agents for Chelsea for the celebrated Butterick patterns. Monthly Fashion Plates, Delineators, Metropolitan plate, etc.

WEBSTER... THE TAILOR,

CHELSEA, MICH...

Pants Suits Overcoats

Made up in the most approved manner, and on short notice. A fit guaranteed on every garment that leaves our store.

PRICES

Are moderate and in keeping with the hard times, and as cheap as good goods and competent workmen can accomplish.

READ THIS!

We do not employ Solicitors or Agents, nor do we sell coupons, but still we are making Photographs. If you are in want of anything in our line, call at our Gallery, **Examine our work**, obtain our **Latest Prices, make a sitting**, and when we deliver our work you will be **satisfied**. We also have a stock of frames to choose from. Orders received for **Crayon Portraits** at Reasonable Prices.

Gallery over Holmes' store.

E. E. SHAVER, Photographer

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!

Look through our stock before you buy a stove this fall. It is complete and our prices as usual are right. Heating stoves from \$5.00 up.

Lowest prices ever known on Furniture. Pictures Framed.

W. J. KNAPP.

\$40.00 PER WEEK FOR WILLING WORKERS

Is a well-known fact that judicious advertising always pays—especially news-paper advertising. If you put your "ad" in the right paper your business will grow, because people will see that you are alive, and they would rather deal with a live man than a corpse. If you advertise in this paper you will find that it

H. HALLETT & CO.,

Box 890, PORTLAND, MAINE.

Store to Rent. The best Grocery Stand in Chelsea. Also rooms over Store. Furnished as desired. Inquire of J. P. WOOD, 86

Subscribe for the HERALD. \$1.00.

Additional Local.

Sam Heselchwerdt left Monday for Howell.

House to rent. Inquire of Beissel & Staffan.

The University has 2578 students so far this year.

Sheriff Brenner, of Ann Arbor, was a Chelsea visitor last Tuesday.

Ann Arbor has another daily, The Ann Arbor Daily Courier. We wish it success.

Born, Monday night Oct. 22, 1894, to Mr. and Mrs. W. McLaren, of Lima, a son.

Mrs. Beals, of North street, attended the funeral of a relative at Grass Lake the first of the week.

Rev. Thos. Holmes attended a meeting of the Jackson Congregational Association last week, at Jackson.

For rent, three nice front rooms, suitable for offices, in the Durand & Hatch block. Enquire of W. F. Hatch.

Chas. Gregg, of Detroit, who has been spending several days here with relatives, returned home last Saturday.

Mrs. Geo. Montague and Mrs. Westie Wittie, of Unadilla, were the guests of Miss Ella Montague last Thursday.

E. E. Shaver, the photographer, has something to say in this issue that will interest you. See "ad" on this page.

Lost, in Chelsea or on the fair grounds, during the fair, a bunch of keys. Finder will be rewarded by leaving the same with Tommy McNamara.

Messrs. J. A. Palmer, R. S. Armstrong, H. S. Holmes and T. E. Wood spent a few days in Flint last week and attended a meeting of the Mystic Shrine.

Last excursion of the season via Michigan Central to Detroit on Friday, Nov. 9, 1894. Rate from Chelsea for round trip, \$1.20. Train leaves Chelsea at 7:57, a. m., returning leaves Detroit at 6:00 p. m.

Pinckney's lecture course will open Tuesday, November 13, with the May Leggett concert company.—Ex. If the Company don't give satisfaction, which they always do, they may leg it out of town.

Thomas Foster, author of the "missing word" craze that distracted so many newspaper publishers and readers a few years ago, has been sentenced to three years' penal servitude in London. The punishment is a little tardy, but not excessive.

The unhappy juvenile student of history in future years will labor under greater difficulties than did his predecessors. The necessity of learning the names of the important battles of the Chinese-Japanese war will be in itself enough to discourage him.

In Leon, near Michigan Centre, where thieves not only pick ripened turkeys from the tree tops, but dogs make nocturnal visits to the sheep fold, R. Credit has lost six Thanksgiving birds and Lucien Cooley had ten of his fourteen nice sheep killed by two large Jackson dogs recently.

During a recent conference in Waupeton Minn., several ministers were visiting the Red river valley university at that place, and were taking in the Latin class. One of them chanced to pick up a copy of Caesar belonging to a certain very popular young lady student, and found the following poem on the fly leaf of the book: "Boyibus kissibus, Sweet girlorum, Giribus likibus, Wanti somorum."

The board of supervisors have fixed the salaries of the county officers for their coming terms as follows: County Clerk, \$1,200; County Treasurer, \$1,000; Prosecuting Attorney, \$1,200; Probate Register \$1,800; Commissioner of Schools, \$1,500; Supt. of Poor, \$300 and expenses; Members of Board of School Examiners, \$4 per day; Board of prisoners 12½ cents per meal. This is a reduction of \$300 on clerk, \$300 on county treasurer, and 2½ cents per meal on board of prisoners.

Another case is reported of a whole family being poisoned by eating toadstools supposing them to be mushrooms. The New York state botanist not long ago wrote that there were varieties of mushrooms difficult to distinguish from toadstools. The old caution about this form of vegetable is pat here, a caution given to one fond of the delicacy, but not well posted as to color, form, etc. The caution runs: "Eat it; if you live, it was a mushroom; if you die, it was a toadstool."

The tax on playing cards of 2 cents for each set is not likely to yield much revenue after the present stock of cards have been exhausted. The law provides that a 2-cent stamp must be placed on each set of not more than fifty-four cards. Fifty-two cards make a pack, but an odd one known as the joker is always put in, making the number fifty-three. It will be only necessary now for playing-card makers to put in three jokers, and the joke will be decidedly against the Government. That will increase the number to fifty-five, and the whole pack will then be exempt from tax.

Council Proceedings.

[OFFICIAL]

Chelsea, Sept. 10, 1894.

Board met in regular session.

Meeting called to order by President.

Roll call by Clerk.

Present—Wm Bacon, President.

Trustees Present—Gilbert, Schenk, Schumacher, Riemanschnieder, Pierce.

Trustees Absent—Conkright.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

Ordinance Committee reported favorable on No. 83, granting Chelsea Electric Light Co. the privilege of erecting and maintaining poles in streets of Village.

Moved by W. P. Schenk and supported by J. Schumacher that Ordinance No. 83, relative to giving the right of the highways to the Electric Light Co. be adopted.

Yeas—Gilbert, Schumacher, Riemanschnieder, Schenk and Pierce.

Nays—None.

Carried.

ORDINANCE NO. 83.

An Ordinance granting Chelsea Electric Light Co. permission to set poles and string wires.

The Village of Chelsea ordains:

Sec. 1. Consent, permission and authority is hereby given to the Chelsea Electric Light Company, of Chelsea, a corporation organized under and by virtue of the Laws of the State, of Michigan, as long as it may exist, to erect, lay, operate and maintain and run in the public streets, lanes, avenues, alleys and other public places in the village of Chelsea, all needful and proper poles, mains, wires, pipes, lamps and other apparatus to be used for the transmission of electricity for the purpose of furnishing light.

Sec. 2. Whenever it may be found necessary to make any construction or repairs that the Company shall take care not to unnecessarily or unreasonably obstruct or injure any street, alley, sidewalk or lane and shall with reasonable diligence restore such streets, sidewalks, lanes or alleys to as good a state of repair as the same were in before disturbed by said Company, and shall in all respects fully indemnify and save harmless the Village of Chelsea from and against all damage or costs which the Village may be put to or sustain by reason of such disturbance.

Sec. 3. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication.

Approved this 10th day of September, A. D. 1894, by order of the Village Board.

WILLIAM BACON, President.

JOHN B. COLE, Clerk.

To the Village Council of the Village of Chelsea, Washtenaw Co. Mich:

I hereby certify that the time fixed by Special Ordinance No. 16, (Entitled a Special Ordinance for the construction of sidewalks on the south side of Middle street, on the east side of East street, on the west side of Polk street, and on the west side of Main street, on the south side of Lincoln street, on the north side of Middle street, in the village of Chelsea, approved June 22, 1894,) for the completion of the improvements by owners, ordered by said Special Ordinance No. 16, has expired and that the following named persons have not complied therewith, viz: Ann Ackley, Arthur Congdon, Curran White, John Palmer and Amanda D. Brown. Yours Respectfully,

JOHN B. COLE, Village Clerk.

Dated, Chelsea, Mich., Sept. 10, 1894.

Moved by A. C. Pierce and supported by J. Schumacher that the Marshal be instructed to build the respective walks reported by Clerk as not built. The said walks to be constructed according to Ordinance No. 83.

Yeas—Gilbert, Riemanschnieder, Schenk Schumacher and Pierce.

Nays—None.

Carried.

On motion the following bills were allowed and orders to be drawn on the Treasurer for same.

W. K. Guerin, 16 loads of gravel..	\$ 8.00
Glazier Stove Co. lights for July..	60.00
W. B. Sumner, 12 days work.....	15.00
Gilbert Martin, 7 days work.....	8.75
Thomas Sears, 14 loads gravel.....	7.00
Jackson Fire Department.....	50.00
Rush Green, salary for August....	30.00
H. Lighthall, lumber.....	10.47
W. B. Self, water for fire in marsh	2.50
Wm. Lewick, deputy Marshal	3.00
German Day.....	3.00
Ed Moore, deputy Marshal German	3.00
Day.....	3.00
W. B. Sumner 8½ days work.....	8.13

On motion Board adjourned.

JOHN B. COLE, Clerk.

Sucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chillsblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.

BEISSEL STAFFAN.

Don't you know that a dinner is not complete unless you have soup? If you want an article that will give satisfaction, something that will please you and make you think you want more of it, then use

Armour's White Label Soups

And you get the best on earth. A complete line of these goods always in stock.

Preserves.

We have just received a line of

Heins & Co's

Preserves, consisting of Strawberries, Red and Black Raspberries, Cherries and Pineapples, put up in 2-pound jars. Also a line of their Olives, mixed Pickles, Sweet Mixed, Salad Dressing and Catsup all in two sizes of bottles, large and small. **Lea & Perrins** Table Sauce, the finest relish for meats in the world.

Teas and Coffees.

It will pay you to buy Teas and Coffees of us, for we offer better inducements in this line than any house in the country, and an inspection of our goods will prove the same.

Fruits Confectionery, Canned Goods.

Our Candies are always the freshest and purest to be found in Chelsea so when you want a box of **Nice Fresh Cream Candy** don't forget that we have it.

Beissel & Staffan.

THE MILD POWER CURES.

HUMPHREYS'

Dr. Humphrey's Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for years in private practice and for over thirty years by the people with entire success. Every single Specific a special cure for the disease named. They cure without dragging, purging or reducing the system, and are in fact, and good the Sovereign Remedies of the World.

NAME OF DISEASE.	CURE.	PRICE.
1—Fever, Congestion, Inflammation.25
2—Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic.25
3—Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness.25
4—Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.25
5—Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic.25
6—Cholera Morbus, Vomiting.25
7—Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.25
8—Nervous, Toothache, Frenzy.25
9—Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo.25
10—Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation.25
11—Suppressed or Painful Periods.25
12—Whites, Too Profuse Periods.25
13—Griping, Lauryitis, Hoarseness.25
14—Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions.25
15—Rheumatism, or Rheumatic Pains.25
16—Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.25
17—Piles, Blood or Hemorrhoids.25
18—Ophthalmia, Sore or Weak Eyes.25
19—Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head.25
20—Whooping Cough.25
21—Asthma, Oppressed Breathing.25
22—Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing.25
23—Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swelling.25
24—General Debility, Physical Weakness.25
25—Dropsy, and Serous Secretions.25
26—Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding.25
27—Kidney Diseases.25
28—Nervous Debility.	1.00
29—Sore Throat, or Canker.25
30—Urinary Weakness, Urinary Pain.25
31—Painful Periods.25
32—Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation.	1.00
33—Relapsing, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance.	1.00
34—Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat.25
35—Chronic Congestions & Eruptions.25
36—77 DR. HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS.	25

Put up in small bottles of pleasant pellets, just fits your vest pocket.

Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. DR. HUMPHREYS' MANUAL (164 pages,) mailed free. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

SPECIFICS.

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL

"THE PILE OINTMENT."

For Piles—External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding; Fissure in Anus; Itching or Bleeding of the Rectum. The relief is immediate—the cure certain.

PRICE, 50 CTS. TRIAL SIZE, 25 CTS.

Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

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THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

GREAT BRITAIN in war can turn out thirty-eight battle ships. This would give a strong squadron against our Atlantic, Gulf and Pacific coast, with one left at home for English defense. Against this force the United States could rally six battle ships.

It is estimated by the Railway Age that the track-laying in the United States for the year 1894 will amount to not more than 1,550 miles, which will be the lowest figure shown for any year since 1865. For the first nine months of the year the track-laying was but 1,100 miles.

DURING the past year 41,399 applications were made for patents, and 24,204 were granted. Of these 1,000 were for boots and shoes, 1,800 for carriages and wagons, 1,000 for harvester's implements, 1,000 for lamps and gas fittings, 1,460 for railway cars, and 1,050 for packing and storing vessels.

A PECULIARITY of the blind is that there is seldom one of them who smokes. Soldiers and sailors accustomed to smoking, and who have lost their sight in action, continue to smoke for a short while, but some give up the habit. They say it gives them no pleasure when they can not see the smoke.

SINCE the death of Holmes there are only four surviving members of the class of 1829 of Harvard, namely: Dr. Edward L. Cunningham, of Newport, R. I.; Rev. Samuel May, (the class secretary), of Leicester. Rev. Samuel F. Smith, of Newton, the author of "America," and Charles S. Storow, of Boston.

THE treasury department has decided that the same duty shall be paid on artificial teeth as on other manufactures containing similar materials. For instance, if made of porcelain, then teeth are dutiable at the same rate as cups, saucers and plates made of the same material. If of ivory, the duty is the same as that imposed upon billiard balls.

DETROIT, Mich., has within its limits what is believed to be the largest representative of the horse family now in existence. The animal is a Percheron-Norman, and was imported from France before he had attained his full growth. As he stands to-day he is strong twenty-one hands high (eighty-four inches) in height and weighs 2,500 pounds.

PAPER making has progressed so far that a good imitation of linen writing paper is manufactured wholly from wood pulp, while a great deal of so-called linen paper is made from cotton rags. True linen paper of American manufacture is now often as good as the best of the imported. The refuse from the best paper mills goes to those of the next grade below.

THE great tower on the new Philadelphia city hall has reached an altitude of 490 feet, a height unsurpassed by any structure in this country except the Washington monument. About thirty feet of iron framework must yet be added before the iron apex can be reached, and then the cap upon which the great bronze statue of William Penn will rest must be put in place.

It is an interesting coincidence that the business collapse of the University Press at Cambridge should occur so close to the death of Oliver Wendell Holmes. This ancient printing house published the last works of Hawthorne, Longfellow, Emerson, Thoreau, Whittier, Lowell and Holmes, and with the death of the last of these great ones comes the suspension of its own work.

MUCH of the pretended olive oil imported into this country is made up in large parts of peanut oil, pressed from African and Indian peanuts. Peanut oil is not only very good to eat as a salad oil, but is an excellent base for fine soups and valuable for illuminating purposes. It is not produced in large quantities in the United States, though the peanut crop is an important one in parts of the south.

THERE was a curious spectacle at a school election in Westchester county, N. Y., the other day, when a score of Italian women, most of them with a babe in one arm and a ticket in the unoccupied hand, marched to the polls and voted. An incident of the same election was the successful challenging of a minister's wife on the ground that she was childless and paid no rent. She and her husband occupy a parsonage provided by the congregation.

A CINCINNATI restaurateur is just now convalescing from a seven weeks' siege of typhoid fever. He had advertised filters in his restaurant, warranted to extract from potable water the smallest symptoms of a typhoid-fever germ. Bacteria, 1-1000 of an inch in diameter could no more be found in the water he furnished his patrons than could a whale. So confident was he in the quality of the liquid that he drank it himself, and then—he sent for a physician.

AT FRIGHTFUL COST.

A Mob Repulsed and the Law Vindicated in Bloodshed.

Would-Be Lynchers Attempt to Secure Possession of a Colored Brute—Three Are Killed and Twelve Wounded.

WASHINGTON COURT HOUSE, O., Oct. 19.—Three men were killed and almost a dozen injured, some fatally, by the militia here Wednesday evening in the endeavor to keep mobs from lynching William Dolby, colored.

Dolby was brought here on Tuesday, and Tuesday night the first mob rumors took shape. The local militia was ordered out, and later two companies from Columbus reached here. Much indignation was manifested at the action of the officials in thus putting a bar between the mob and their prey, and on all sides denunciations were frequent. All classes were represented among those who took this view of the situation, though many deplored the lawless spirit manifested.

Later in the day a special grand jury was impaneled and the negro was indicted. The militia companies formed at the west side of the courthouse while the sheriff and Deputy James Busick went to the jail for the prisoner.

Struck Down by a Soldier. The sheriff and his deputies had hardly emerged from the jail door

me to bring the man to Columbus," said Col. Coit, with characteristic emphasis, "I will do it, but it will cost blood." Col. Coit then made a speech to the crowd.

"It looks very much," said he, "as if you intend to make an attack on the legal authorities. There will be trouble if you do. I call on law-abiding citizens to disperse and go to their homes."

Attacked the Courthouse.

This was received as other warnings had been. The prisoner had been taken to a back room in the sheriff's office on the third floor. At 6:30 the crowd, largely augmented, surrounded the building and with huge improvised battering rams battered the doors in rapid succession. The troops were hastened together in the courthouse at all entrances. The doors were barricaded from within and furniture piled against them. The soldiers stood with pieces cocked and bayonets fixed and waited till the doors would yield. Huge stones were thrown against the doors and the noise was deafening. All the time loud and angry yells came from the crowd. Col. Coit went into the crowd and said: "If any man of you hit one of my men I will direct him to aim directly at that man's heart."

Fired on the Mob.

At 7:55 the south doors were broken and immediately there was a deafening and continuous volley from two score of muskets. A pandemonium of yells and curses and a dense smoke filled the corridors. The law had been

GOT BUT LITTLE.

Cook's Gang of Train Robbers Make Another Haul.

They Rob an Express in Indian Territory—Two Men Shot—Passengers Forced to Contribute—About \$1,000 Stolen—They Escape.

PARSONS, Kan., Oct. 22.—The Missouri Pacific passenger train No. 233, on the Kansas and Arkansas Valley branch, was held up by four or five masked men at Coretta siding, 7 miles east of Wagoner, I. T., at 10 o'clock Saturday night. An empty car was placed on the main track and the train struck it. The robbers commenced a terrible onslaught and two men are reported shot. But little money is said to have been secured. All the cars excepting the sleeper were shot full of holes and not a whole window remained.

The moment the train stopped the bandits began firing into the forward cars. There were eight or ten men in the gang who distributed themselves along the side of the train. Two of them mounted the engine and forced the engineer and the fireman to alight. They were marched to the express car and threatened with instant death unless they compelled the express messenger to open the door of his car. The messenger refused to open at first, but as the robbers kept firing a fusillade of bullets through the side of the car he finally complied to the commands of the robbers and the entreaties of the engineer and fireman and threw open the car doors. Two robbers immediately entered and secured all the money in the local safe. They commanded Messenger Ford to open the through safe, but when he explained that the combination was only known at the main office at the end of the line they left the car.

Meanwhile the other robbers had been going through the train demanding the money and valuables of the passengers. Before they had completed their work a freight train which had followed the passenger closely out of Wagoner drew in sight and Cook ordered his followers out of the train. The gang instantly remounted their horses and firing a parting volley at the train rode off in a northerly direction.

While the robbers were at work inside the car their confederates on the outside kept up a continual firing which had the desired effect in scaring the passengers and trainmen and preventing resistance. Two men were wounded, one of whom, John Mahara, advance agent of a minstrel company, may die. He was wounded in the forehead.

The entire train was completely riddled with bullets, every window being broken. The engine cab was shot all to pieces, even the steam gauge and gauge lamp being shot away and the ground around the wreck covered with empty shells. It was a miracle that many lives were not lost, as fully 200 shots were fired.

FOR SMITH, Ark., Oct. 22.—Express officials here say that their loss by the Wagoner train robbery will not exceed \$1,000. The train carried a small amount in the local safe and the robbers were unable to break into the through safe.

The robbery was the work of Cook and his desperate gang of outlaws, who have recently been terrorizing the citizens in the territory. For two months past all railroads passing through the territory have been heavily guarded in fear of an attack and many shipments into the territory have been refused by the express company. Many depredations of the gang, especially within the past week or two, have shown this precaution to have been timely. For days the gang has been represented as being at different points planning a robbery, and thorough preparations were made to meet the expected attack. The outlaws evidently anticipated a desperate resistance and began their work with fierce fighting.

FIRE AND FLOOD IN CHINA.

The Town of Chung Kiang and an Agricultural District Suffer.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—The mail from the Orient by the steamers City of Peking and Australia brings news of a disastrous fire during September at Chung Kiang, near Hong Kong. Over thirty people were burned to death, 2,000 houses destroyed, including two temples, and a total loss of 10,000,000 taels entailed.

Serious floods were reported in northeast China. A rich agricultural district, 150 miles long and 12 miles wide was submerged. Many women and children were drowned, and an enormous property loss suffered.

MANGLED BY POWDER.

Several Men Badly Injured on the Drainage Canal.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—By the careless handling of gunpowder, following a blast by a dynamite charge, four men were seriously burned on Saturday afternoon at Summit on section F of the drainage canal, operated by Ricker, Lee & Co. Two men were seriously injured the same way Sunday morning; and, as if this were not enough to overwhelm one firm of contractors in twenty-four hours in the way of disasters, another laborer on the same section lost a leg Saturday afternoon by being run over by a dump car.

JURISTS CLASH.

Nebraska Judges at War Over the Rosewater Case.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 18.—Probably the most remarkable instance of the clash of judicial authorities in the history of American jurisprudence occurred in Omaha Tuesday when the criminal branch of the district court presided over by C. R. Scott was ordered by the other five judges of the district, sitting in a court, to transfer to the docket the case in which Editor Rosewater of the Bee is accused of libel on the wife of ex-Sheriff Bennett. The case was the result of a motion by Judge Rosewater before the five judges at trial since he regarded the prejudicial of Judge Scott as a bar to a fair trial before him.

When the court clerk handed Judge Scott the order of the five judges to transfer the case there was a scene. Court business was suspended and hundreds of people flocked into the room to hear the fracas. In a manner indicative of half-suppressed passion Judge Scott said:

"We have now met at the cross-roads and I do not propose to take either side, but I am going to tread right in the middle of the road. Here I am, an American citizen 62 years of age, and stand upon a broad gauge platform that will permit me to give every man a fair and impartial trial. If I did not want to give Rosewater a fair trial the motion might be excused. There is no law to take this case off my docket, and it will stay there. If there is any monkeying about some one is going to be cited to appear for contempt, and I think I am pretty good authority on contempt."

Tuesday afternoon Judges Hoge, well, Ambrose, Blair, Keyser and Ferguson ascended to the bench for the purpose of sitting in banc to determine if the Bennett case should be removed from Judge Scott's docket.

The judges ordered the clerk to produce the papers in the case at 9 a. m. to-day and cited Mr. Rosewater to be present for trial. When Scott heard this he at once entered in his journal a decree nullifying the order of the five judges and cited Rosewater to appear in his court at 9 a. m. to-day for trial. He further instructed the clerk that if he attempted to carry the papers in the case from his courtroom he would have him jailed for contempt.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 19.—The most remarkable situation in the history of the district court appeared Wednesday morning when two different judges in two different rooms were engaged in hearing the same criminal case. Judge Scott, known to be a personal enemy of Mr. Rosewater, editor of the Bee, announced Tuesday that he would certainly insist on trying the criminal libel suit of Sophia Bennett against Rosewater despite the request of the editor for a change of venue and the decision of the five other judges that the case should be taken from Scott and tried by Judge Ambrose.

When court convened Judge Scott took up the case, being upheld and supported by the county attorney, and entered upon the hearing of a motion to dismiss, Mrs. Bennett declaring her intention to refuse to prosecute before any judge other than Scott. At the same hour Judge Ambrose called up the case and continued it until 5 o'clock.

Judge Scott heard and granted the motion to dismiss, presented by Mrs. Bennett, and delivered a long declaration of principles, declaring that the other judges were swayed by fear of Rosewater, and insisted that the other judges had no right to transfer the case from his docket, but that he had exclusive jurisdiction, and in exercising this jurisdiction he dismissed the suit.

JOINT DEBATE.

Messrs. Thurston and Bryan Discuss Politics in Nebraska.

LINCOLN, Neb., Oct. 19.—Remarkable interest was manifested in the joint political debate Wednesday afternoon between Congressman W. J. Bryan and John M. Thurston, candidates respectively of the democratic and republican parties for the United States senate. The seating capacity of the Merchants' pavilion at the state fair grounds, estimated at 7,000, was taxed, and the partisans of the two speakers, supposed to be equal in numbers, were warm in their plaudits of the good points made. They discussed the income tax, government foreclosure of liens on Pacific railroads and the free coinage of silver as being subjects of equal importance and probably of paramount interest to the people of Nebraska. The tariff question was left for discussion at a later date.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 20.—The joint debate between Congressman Bryan and Hon. John M. Thurston in this city Thursday night was heard by 15,000 people from nearly all parts of the state. Thurston devoted his time mainly to the tariff argument wholly in line with McKinley, and cited the prediction of Blaine as to the present situation. He attacked Bryan on his support of the tariff-reduction bill and the bill to repeal the federal elections law.

Bryan defended his course in congress, saying the federal elections law was centralization of power and taking the government away from the people. He contended that industries were reviving.

Two hundred molders have struck for an increase in wages at the Wisconsin malleable iron works in Milwaukee.



DAGMAR MARIE FEODOROVNA, EMPRESS OF RUSSIA.

Recent reports are to the effect that the Czarina will be the virtual ruler of the Russian empire until her husband's recovery from his present serious illness, or his death. The empress is forty-seven years of age, a daughter of the King of Denmark and sister of the Princess of Wales. She is said to be a woman of remarkable executive ability and almost marvelous tact, and has always shown a keen interest in the welfare of the Russian people.

when the acknowledged leader of the crowd, Henry Kirk, who married Mrs. Boyd's sister, rushed toward the trembling wretch, protected by the sworn officers of the law, and breaking the thin ranks of the stalwart guard seized the culprit with a hand of iron. Quick as a flash the musket of a soldier was swung with great force and Mr. Kirk was dealt a blow in the face. The angry crowd rushed madly forward and in the rush swept one gallant boy around the corner and away from his company but he quickly returned to his post.

The curses and imprecations of the thoroughly maddened crowd grew in volume and the wretched prisoner trembled like an aspen. His saddle color became purple and he had to be supported. Col. Coit rallied his men for a supreme effort and the prisoner was almost carried up the steps and into the courthouse. There was then a scene of intense excitement, men armed with staves and any form of weapon rushed blindly almost onto the bayonets of the soldiery and some so far forgot themselves as to rush almost on the troops.

Warned the Mob. Col. Coit, commanding the troops, stopped on the steps of the courthouse to warn the excited people to disperse, and after his earnest warning had fallen on deaf ears, he shouted: "Load," and there was a uniform clicking of hammers and every soldier prepared his piece for trouble, if trouble must come.

Pleaded Guilty. Once up to the third floor of the courthouse and into the room where the trial is held, Dolby was soon legally declared a criminal. At exactly 8:53 he was led into the courtroom, pleaded guilty, and in three minutes he was sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment, ten days in each year in solitary confinement.

Meanwhile the mob was clamoring for admission. The crowd grew in numbers and the accessions proved an inspiration to the tired leaders, who had exhausted themselves.

Called for Reinforcements. Col. Coit at this juncture telephoned the adjutant general at Columbus for 200 additional troops. "If you want

vindicated at frightful cost, for this was the list of dead and of wounded: The Victims.

KILLED—James Judy, aged 25; Smith Welch, aged 19, and Mack Johnson, of Williamsburg, Clermont county.

WOUNDED—Hugh Ammerman, shot through the hips, dangerous; F. L. Nitterhouse, shot through both ankles, one foot almost severed, since amputated; Rial Parrott, shot in foot; John McCune, shot in leg; John Korn, shot in foot; Emert Ellis, thumb shot off; George Keating, 14 years old, shot in both legs and groin; William Sams, fatally shot through the bowels; Frank Smith, flesh wound in face; DeWitt Dale, shot in arm; William Laum, shot in abdomen; Ellis Webster, shot in body.

It was reported at midnight that three attempts had been made to place dynamite under the courthouse. It was said that a large quantity of the explosive was wheeled to the building in a hand cart, and that the dynamiters were frustrated by the militia in each attempt.

The leaders stated at midnight that the plan to lynch Dolby would probably be abandoned but that he would be riddled with bullets when led from the courthouse to the railroad train. Fully two-thirds of the active members of the crowd were armed with revolvers.

Dolby Taken to the Penitentiary.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 20.—Dolby, the assaulter of Mrs. Mary C. Boyd, was successfully taken from the county jail at Washington Court House early Thursday morning and brought to the penitentiary under escort of four companies of the Fourteenth regiment.

Another Victim.

William Sams, one of the wounded in Wednesday night's riot, died Thursday morning. This increases the death list to four.

Another Hold-Up.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Oct. 20.—The westbound Texas & Pacific through train for California leaving here at 9:05 a. m., was robbed about noon Friday, 70 miles west of here, near Gordon. The robbers secured about \$30,000 from the Pacific Express company, and but for their inability to open the safe of the Texas & Pacific Coal company containing \$30,000 in gold, would have made a better haul. Four men died.

AGRICULTURAL HINTS.

HOW TO STORE CORN.

and Valuable Ideas Advanced by Jonathan Periam.

Jonathan Periam, a well-known authority on agricultural topics, makes the valuable suggestions about the time of harvest and consumption. He thinks the corn would be far more attractive to the average American if offered to them in better shape, and that the average American would like food prepared in a much better way than it is now. The fact that it is allowed to become sour, soured or bitter as to the germ, destroys its integrity as a food. He boldly advances the statement that, one year with another, Indiana corn kept in wide cribs through the winter and subsequently in the commercial elevators is not in a proper condition to be used for human food, nor is the best state for the fattening of live stock. It is not strange that Europeans decline to use it as food when ordinary hog will refuse to touch a year old if laid side by side with sufficient quantity of newly plucked corn taken directly from the fields of the west in October. If the corn could be carried to Europe in its perfect state the people of that part of the world would take kindly to it as a delicious food.

For corn, kept in the ordinary way in the wide cribs of the west, heats in winter or early spring. It acquires a musty or rancid taste while on the shelves, and when shelled the chemical process thus started goes steadily forward in the ordinary elevator, even if the grain has been fairly carried on. That will germinate promptly when it has been heated in the crib has the germ been severely frozen. The men compass this by plucking the corn when just ripe, before freezing weather, and drying it artificially. The Indians knew how to accomplish this in a better way. They shelled the best ears and placed them in the ground, points downward, without removing the husk, the husk having a capacity of about two bushels each, and being lined with a material of dryness. The husk was mounded over with earth, and the seeds never failed to grow promptly when planted. The secret of the process was complete exclusion of the air.

Jonathan Periam says when corn once has reached condition it cannot be returned to soundness. It will make a fine flour and meal in spite of the heating and polishing, which may be done by the superficial observer but not by the chemist. He advocates the building of storehouses in which corn and other food products could be kept in air-tight receptacles, and does not believe it would cost more than store room completed on the present wasteful plan. The principle used in canning fruits and vegetables—exclusion of the air—might be extended in a more simple way to the cereals through storage vaults. When this is done we may have pure materials in the cereals for human sustenance, and humanity will find the means of accomplishing this economically. Both domestic and foreign consumers would be benefited by the flour (and meal from the husk) that is made from grain that is musty, smutty, mildewy, sweated or infested with insects, such as too often comes from the present system of warehouse storage. It is certain that all the cereals are better as food if containing the natural moisture of about 15 per cent. after the moisture has been artificially eliminated by kiln drying or manipulation. —Chicago Tribune.

REDS ON CATERpillars.

Which Does Good Work for the Fruit Grower.

The accompanying illustration represents one of the green sphinx caterpillars, frequently found feeding on the leaves of wild cherry trees, peaches, etc. The specimen in the illustration is a female.

PARASITES ON A CATERpillar.

The caterpillar, however, is greatly burdened by a large number of egg-shaped cocoons of a parasitic insect, an ichneumonid, the cocoons sticking out of the caterpillar's skin the same as the cocoons of a round brush. The parasitic insect, on maturing, bursts the shell, and then sails on its own wings. The minute ichneumonid flies lay their tiny eggs in the skin of the caterpillar, and from these eggs hatch the larvae, which live on and get their nourishment from the caterpillar. If the caterpillars infested by these parasites die before attaining maturity, if healthy caterpillars that are infested with the parasitic cocoons be found, it is possible to ob-

tain a pupa or chrysalis which, when properly kept, will change the following year to a moth belonging to the sphinx or hawk moths, which in the morning and evening twilight dart swiftly from flower to flower in search of honey as their food.—Scientific American.

MAKING HALTERS.

Suggestions That Have Been Tested and Found Practicable.

I have a cheap and simple device for halters and ties, which may be of service to your readers who cannot afford the swinging or other stanchion in lieu of a tie.

In Fig. 1 *r* is 1/2-inch grass rope; *a*, a common round-eye snap; *b* is 1 1/2-inch iron ring. Rope is cut to length for

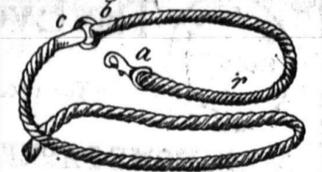


FIG. 1.

collar; an "eye-splice" is turned into snap and ring; another eye-splice in the other side of ring, at *c*, forms the tie. To make eye-splice, unlay strands two inches, pass them through the ring or eye of snap, and stick two strands between the laid-up strands of the rope, leaving enough rope to form the eye. Draw the unlay strand through. Begin with the third unlay strand to splice, by sticking it under the next strand to the left; then the second strand to the left over and under. When each strand has been stuck once, they are drawn through close, and worked down smooth. (Fig. 2). It will be sufficient to repeat this so that each strand will be stuck twice

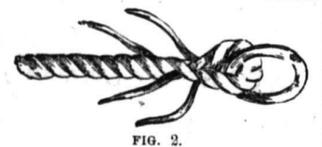


FIG. 2.

under the parts of the rope. Unless the rope is tightly laid up the splicing may be done without a sailor's "pricker" or "marlin pricker." A sharpened hardwood stick a little larger than the strand of the rope will make the pricker. In the same way a cheap halter for staking out cows or horses may be made as shown in Fig. 3. The head stall is in three pieces,

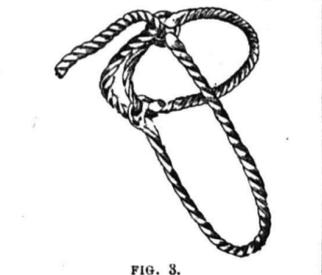


FIG. 3.

and only two rings are required. The halter or tethering part is passed through a ring on one side, then under the jaw and spliced to the opposite ring. Thus a pull on the rope draws the rings together and puts the strain where the animal will not stand it long. These suggestions may savor of the salt sea, but they have been tested and found practicable.—Dabney M. Seales, in Country Gentleman.

LIVE STOCK NOTES.

The best pays in all things pertaining to stock.

CLEAN stables have much to do with success in butter making. See that the pasture fences are all right just now. Many a good beast has been lost because a poor fence let it into the corn field.

THE greater the attention paid to supplying the markets with well fed animals of the best mutton breed, the more popular mutton food will become.

Two of the best remedies for the sow which has a habit of eating her offspring at farrowing are exercise and plenty of succulent food to keep her bowels loose.

THERE is no profit in raising calves unless they are well fed and cared for from the start. When brought from the pasture in the fall they should be stalled the same as the other cattle, that each may get its share of food.

Water for Live Stock.
I bought three molasses hogheads for a dollar apiece, soaked them out a few days, and then had the blacksmith put on each four hoops of cast-off wagon tire at twenty cents a hoop. I built a staging six feet high and set the casks on it and connected them near the bottom by a three-quarter inch lead pipe, than ran a galvanized driven well pipe from one of them through my wood shed into the washroom, and to the end of this pipe attached a globe faucet. To make the pipe points tight I drove soft pine wedges around them, calked the holes with cotton and painted over the joint with thick white lead. The water is conducted from the house roof into the casks by troughs and spouts. I have just completed a similar arrangement for my barn, and the cattle like it better than well water. I have a brass valve screwed on the end of the conducting pipe to shut off water from pipe in cold weather to prevent freezing.—Rural World.

Improvements on the Nickel Plate Road.

A New Through Car line has been established over the Nickel Plate Road and D. L. & W. R. R. between Chicago and New York City. With the former through car line to New York via the West Shore R. R. and a Boston Car run over the West Shore-Fitchburg Route unchanged, this line will be beyond a doubt become an important factor in the east and west bound passenger business.

A Matchless Dining Car Service has been rearranged so as to best accommodate its patrons, and with their old motto "A Perfect Passenger Service at the Lowest Available Rates" they will no doubt secure the patronage of the traveling public. When contemplating a trip East, write Mr. J. Y. Calahan, at 199 Clark St., Chicago, Ill., or any Agent of the Nickel Plate Road, for rates, maps and full particulars.

"I TELL you I'm in big luck." "I'm glad to hear it." "Yes. The insurance examiner passed me O. K. two months ago, and now the doctor tells me I've got an incurable disease."—Kate Field's Washington.

Held by the Enemy.

If you are held captive by the enemy, rheumatism, bound hand and foot in the self to blame, because you did not check their approach in the outset, with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Tackle them at once with this pain soothing, nerve quieting, blood purifying specific, and you will experience speedy relief. Biliousness, malarial, dyspeptic, liver and neuralgia complaints yield to it.

THE monkey goes to the sunny side of the tree when he wants a warmer climb.—Texas Siftings.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.	
LIVE STOCK—Cattle	\$3 20 @ 5 15
Sheep	3 25 @ 4 80
Hogs	5 50 @ 5 40
FLOUR—Minnesota Patents	3 00 @ 3 45
Do. Mills Patents	4 00 @ 4 15
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	54 1/2 @ 56
Do. No. 1 Northern	61 1/2 @ 65 1/2
CORN—No. 2	55 1/2 @ 55 1/2
Do. October	56 1/2 @ 55 1/2
OATS—No. 2	31 1/2 @ 31 1/2
PORE	53 @ 53
LARD—Western	14 25 @ 15 50
BUTTER—West'n Creamery	15 @ 15 25
Western Dairy	12 1/2 @ 16
CHICAGO.	
BEEVES—Shipping Steers	\$3 45 @ 6 25
Cows	1 25 @ 2 80
Shoats	2 25 @ 2 95
Feeders	2 80 @ 3 30
Butchers' Steers	3 15 @ 3 75
Bulls	1 50 @ 3 50
HOGS	4 40 @ 5 25
SHEEP	1 50 @ 3 40
BUTTER—Creamery	14 @ 23
Dairy	13 1/2 @ 20
EGGS—Fresh	16 1/2 @ 18
BROOM CORN (per ton)—	
Self-working	90 00 @ 110 00
New Dwarf	110 00 @ 120 00
All Hurl	100 00 @ 120 00
POTATOES (per bu.)	40 @ 60
PORK—Mess	12 25 @ 12 50
LARD—Steam	7 15 @ 7 20
FLOUR—Spring Patents	3 20 @ 3 20
Spring Straights	2 20 @ 2 20
Winter Patents	2 80 @ 2 90
Winter Straights	2 40 @ 2 90
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Red	51 1/2 @ 53
Do. No. 1	50 @ 50 1/2
Oats, No. 2	27 1/2 @ 28
Rye, No. 2	46 1/2 @ 46 1/2
Barley, No. 2	53 1/2 @ 55
LUMBER.	
Piece Stuff	6 00 @ 9 50
Jolists	12 00 @ 12 50
Timbers	10 50 @ 11 50
Hemlocks	6 00 @ 6 25
Lath, Dry	1 40 @ 1 70
Shingles	1 10 @ 2 00
ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE—Texas Steers	\$2 40 @ 2 90
Native Steers	1 95 @ 2 90
HOGS	4 00 @ 4 90
SHEEP	2 00 @ 2 80
OMAHA.	
CATTLE—Steers	\$2 00 @ 3 80
Feeders	2 25 @ 2 95
HOGS	4 30 @ 5 00
SHEEP	2 50 @ 3 10

TO PUT ON

needed flesh, no matter how you've lost it, take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It works wonders. By restoring the normal action of the deranged organs and functions, it builds the flesh up to a safe and healthy standard—promptly, pleasantly and naturally. The weak, emaciated, thin, pale and puny are made

strong, plump, round and rosy. Nothing so effective as a strength restorer and flesh maker is known to medical science; this puts on healthy flesh, not the fat of cod liver oil and its filthy compounds. It rouses every organ of the body to activity, purifies, enriches and vitalizes the blood so that the body feels refreshed and strengthened. If you are too thin, too weak, too nervous, it may be that the food assimilation is at fault. A certain amount of bile is necessary for the reception of the fat foods in the blood. Too often the liver holds back this element which would help digestion. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery stimulates, tones up and invigorates the liver, nourishes the blood, and the muscles, stomach and nerves get the rich blood they require.

Spent Hundreds of Dollars with no Benefit.
M. J. COLEMAN of 27 Sargent St., Roxbury, Mass., writes: "After suffering from dyspepsia and constipation with untold agony for at least 15 months, I am more than pleased to say that after using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Pleasant Pellets for one month, I was entirely cured, and from that day to this I do not know, thank God, what even a slight headache is. I paid a doctor on Tremont St., Boston, in one day (for his advice only) the sum of \$10.00 with \$5.50 for medicine, and I derived no benefit. I got more relief in one hour from your medicines, as far as my stomach was concerned, than from all the other medicine I used. If any person who reads this is suffering from dyspepsia or constipation and will use your medicine as I have done, he will never regret it."

DIRECTIONS for using CREAM BALM.—Apply a particle of the Balm well up into the nostrils. After a moment draw strong breath through the nose. Use three times a day, after meals preferred, and before retiring.
ELY'S CREAM BALM
Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation. Heals the Sores, Protects the Membrane from colds, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once.
A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 59 Warren Street, New York.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AMATEUR HUNTER (to rabbit driver, who has just got a load of small shot in his coat)—"How much damages will you ask for this unlucky accident?"—Penaant—"Oh, never mind such a trifle! I'll just charge it till you hit me again."—Fliegende Blatter.

TIMMINS—"What do you think of my new desk? Bought it second-hand; made the money all from my jokes."—Simmons—"Well, that is as it should be—the jokes were all second-hand, were they not?"—Cincinnati Tribune.

MISTRESS—"Bridget, I don't like your having these men in the kitchen. They are all strangers to me."—Bridget (pleasantly)—"Stip inside, then, mum, and O'll intrude you."—Judge.

VISITOR—"I suppose you have a great deal of poetry sent in to you for publication?"—Editor—"No, not very much poetry as a rule; some of it is verse, and some of it is worse."—Somerville Journal.

MR. POMPOUS—"Sir, I would have you know that I'm a self-made man!"—Farmer Hayrick—"Waal, mister, man-makin' seems to be a trade ye didn't work long at."—Harper's Bazar.

SHE—"Have you ever had any experience of Wall street, Mr. Lamb?"—He—"Yes, indeed, plenty of it."—She—"How long were you there?"—He—"Just fifteen minutes."—Munsey's Magazine.

No, MAUD, dear, a journal devoted to the interests of palmistry, isn't strictly speaking, a hand organ.—Philadelphia Record.

"WHAT I tell my wife goes."—"Indeed!"—"Yes; she takes it to her mother right away, and pretty soon it is everywhere."—Puck.

MR. GREATHEAD, the landlord, says he prefers as tenants experienced chess-players, because it is so seldom they move.—Boston Transcript.

If you want to be cured of a cough use Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Fike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

"DOCTOR, I am troubled with shooting pains in my face."—"Yes, madam. You use too much powder."—Chicago Tribune.

PEOPLE who hope are people who help.—Ram's Horn.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is a Constitutional Cure. Price 75c.

LOVE never speaks in a foreign language.—Ram's Horn.

If you've neuralgia, take St. Jacobs Oil—rub it on—rub it on hard—keep rubbing it on—it has got to stop the pain—that's what it's for.

Lost his Position.
That really happened to a certain grocer's clerk, because he couldn't induce customers to take an inferior brand of washing powder in place of Pearline. The grocer said, "If you can't sell what I want you to sell, I don't want you."
Now it doesn't take a very wise woman to decide whether this was an honest grocer. And a woman wise enough for that, would be likely to insist upon having nothing but Pearline. There is nothing "as good as" or "the same as" Pearline, the original—in fact, the only—washing-compound. If they send you something else, send it back.
309 JAMES PYLE, New York.

It's like comparing "A Candle to the brilliancy of the Sun" to compare other Soaps with SANTA CLAUS. Because it's the purest, best and most economical.

SANTA CLAUS SOAP

Sold everywhere THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY Chicago.

THE POT INSULTED THE KETTLE BECAUSE THE COOK HAD NOT USED

SAPOLIO

GOOD COOKING DEMANDS CLEANLINESS. SAPOLIO SHOULD BE USED IN EVERY KITCHEN.

A. N. K.—A 1523

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

Equalization.

The board of Supervisors last week, passed the annual equalization, which is as follows:

	Assessed 1894	Equaliz'd 1894
Ann Arbor city.....	\$6 662 568	\$5 285 000
Ann Arbor town....	1 057 644	870 000
Augusta.....	664 450	930 000
Bridgewater.....	942 970	502 000
Dexter.....	638 550	765 000
Freedom.....	970 740	540 000
Lima.....	895 930	730 000
Lodi.....	1 098 415	823 000
Lyndon.....	498 150	920 000
Manchester.....	1 429 150	1 400 000
Northfield.....	919 900	1 115 000
Pittsfield.....	1 214 000	790 000
Salem.....	949 700	1 113 000
Saline.....	1 243 700	915 000
Scio.....	1 393 190	1 130 000
Sharon.....	934 130	1 315 000
Superior.....	1 155 530	750 000
Sylvan.....	1 163 600	995 000
Webster.....	989 190	855 000
York.....	1 298 750	972 000
Ypsilanti town....	1 245 080	950 000
Ypsilanti, 1st dist..	2 387 600	1 885 000
Ypsilanti, 2d dist..	634 400	535 000

\$25 000 000

The equalization is practically left as last year, except \$60,000 which was taken from Ann Arbor town and added to the city, that being the valuation of the strip of territory added to the city by the last legislature, and which only now comes into the city's assessment roll.

Railway Slaughter.

The report of the inter-state commerce commission for the year ended June 30, 1893, gives the following footings as the result of railway casualties:

	Killed.	Injured.
Employees.....	2,727	31,729
Passengers.....	289	3,229
Other Persons.....	4,220	5,435

Total..... 7,246 40,393

The striking feature of this exhibit is the number of persons killed and injured who were neither employes nor passengers. The killed of this class shows the fatal work done at grade crossings, and the slaughter of persons who steal rides or walk upon railroad tracks. The aggregates are larger than in any previous year, but part of it covered the world's fair travel from June 30, 1892, and must have resulted in large additions to railway expenditure for deaths and injuries caused by avoidable accidents, such as the terrible one in Jackson one year ago Oct 13. The abolition of grade crossings and the adoption of safety brakes would cost the railway companies a very large sum of money, but it is questionable, leaving the sacrifice of life out of consideration, whether these improvements would not each be a stroke of economy.—Patriot.

Amendment to the Constitution.

The proposed amendment to the constitution of the state upon which the electors are to pass at the coming election, is to Section 1 of Article 7, and if it is adopted that Section will hereafter read as follows:

"In all elections every male inhabitant of this state being a citizen of the United States, every male inhabitant residing in this state on the 24th day of June, 1895, every male inhabitant residing in this state on the 1st day of January, 1890, every male inhabitant of foreign birth who, having resided in the state two years and six months prior to the 24th day of November, 1894, and having declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States two years and six months prior to said last-named day, and every civilized male inhabitant of Indian descent, and not a member of any tribe, shall be an elector, and entitled to vote at any election; but no one shall be an elector or entitled to vote at any election unless he shall be above the age of 21 years, and has resided in this state six months, and in the township or ward in which he offers to vote twenty days next preceeding such election. Provided, that in time of war, insurrection or rebellion, no qualified elector in the actual military service of the United States or of this state or in the army or navy thereof shall be deprived of his vote by reason of his absence from the township, ward or state in which he resides, and the legislature shall have the power and shall provide the manner in which, and the time and place at which such absent electors may vote and for the canvass and return of their votes to the township or ward election district in which they respectively reside, or otherwise."

Obstinate Colds.

Dr. Humphreys' Specific No. 77, will "break up" an obstinate cold that "hangs on." Put up in small vials of pleasant pellets; just fit your vest pocket; price 25 cents; all druggists.

Subscribe for the HERALD.

Here and There.

Paderewski has caused his press agents to rumor that he won't come to America this season, but nobody seems to be weeping. The noble pole will find that sad followers are just as fickle as they are foolish.

A Chicago man not long ago sold his wife for \$10. Shortly after he set upon and thumped the purchaser, on the absurd theory that the price was too small. Probably no more palpable case of adding insult to injury could be cited.

Bells were first placed in churches about 400 A. D. They were used, not to call the worshippers to service, but to be rung on the approach of storms, to prevent the "Prince of the Power of the Air" from smiting the sacred edifice with lightning.

A recent state paper published in Berlin shows that Germany can in ten days after an order to mobilize the forces is given, place 2,500,000 soldiers in the field. There is treasure to the amount of \$30,000,000 stored away in gold, for the purpose of conducting the early stages of a campaign on a cash basis.

In Berlin, for some reason, bicycles are thoroughly out of favor with the populace in general and the police in particular. There are plenty of bicyclists, but they have to fix a third wheel to their machines in order to dodge the police regulations regarding a two-wheeled machine. The third wheel is small and is only used to get around the city ordinances against bicycles.

The arrest of Captain Henry Howgate, formerly chief of the weather bureau at Washington, in New York, after a thirteen years' search, confirms the theory that the safest hiding place is in a metropolis. Howgate, after embezzling \$360,000 of government funds, disappeared in 1879. The secret service agents of the government have been in search for him in every part of the inhabitable globe, but without success.

If it was not for the country people many a man now making a comfortable living in the city would have to work. A case in point is found in the arrest of a Jersey City "firm" who advertised that they controlled the distribution of circulars for large business houses and would furnish them to parties in the country on receipt of twenty cents commission, the distributors to receive four dollars per day. The "firm" got the twenty cents and the country people never got the circulars nor the four dollars a day. The "firm" recently got enough commissions to foot up \$150 in one day, and now the police have got the "firm."

Upon high surgical authorities we are assured that the new rifles are merciful arms of war, compared with the old ones. Men who have had to stand up against bullets, and may have to do so again, will no doubt, be very glad to hear it. According to Dr. Stevenson, the Professor of Surgery at Netley Military Hospital, who read a paper on wounds in war at the Sanitary Congress, a man is either killed outright by the new bullets, or is so slightly wounded that he rapidly recovers. Thus the number of soldiers killed outright in battle is likely to be greater in the future than in the past, but not nearly so many will "die of wounds." The new-fashioned bullets fly with such velocity that, instead of smashing a bone, they pass clean through it. Thus the end of it all is that there will be less lingering suffering from gun-shot wounds after future battles.

"One day at a time conscientiously lived up to will keep the eyes bright and the cheeks round and rosy. Don't begin to worry about things days beforehand. It will be time enough when they happen. It is the dread of what may come, not what is, that makes one old before the time. If you lie awake half the night worrying about something that is going to occur the next morning, you will be far less able to face bravely and work out the problem than if you had made an effort and thought of something else till sleep came. It is not half as hard as it sounds, and will grow easier every time you try it. Perhaps after all the disaster will not befall you or will be less awful than you anticipated, and just think what a lot of unnecessary wrinkles you have worried into your face. Another thing, don't torment yourself about what people are going to think about this and that action. No matter what you do or leave undone, someone will criticize you severely, and the very best rule for getting through life with comparative comfort is, after you have made up your mind as to the propriety and advisability of a certain course, pursue it calmly, without paying the slightest attention to the criticisms of the lookers on from the outside. You see, just because they are on the outside they can only see the surface. It does not matter in the least what they think."—Ex.

Card of Thanks.

Words fail to express our gratitude to the many friends who aided us by their loving acts of kindness, in the sickness, death and burial of our Darling Addie. Mr. and Mrs. R. A. SNYDER.

Do Animals Love Fun?

There seems no reason to doubt it. Monkeys are full of frolic for its own sake, and enjoy themselves most of all when playing mischievous jokes. A terrier performed his tricks so conscientiously that when no one praised it for them, it used to become quite sulky. A flock of geese have been known to cause a number of pigs to run the gauntlet between them, merely to hear the squealing of the porkers as they were bit at by the birds. There was a soldier's horse that was wont to be fastened by a river's bank, and the creature had the ill habit of kicking at passing men, in order to make them fall into the water. The jackdaw will watch boys at their games with evident appreciation of the fun, and the amount of roguishness in kittens is perfectly notorious.

Four Big Successes.

Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's New Discovery, for consumption, Coughs and Colds, each bottle guaranteed—Electric Bitters, the great remedy for Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them and the dealer whose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more of them. Sold at F. P. Glazier & Co's, Drug store.

Spend Your Outing On The Great Lakes.

Visit picturesque Mackinac Island. It will only cost you about \$12.50 from Detroit; \$15 from Toledo; \$18 from Cleveland, for the round trip, including meals and berths. Avoid the heat and dust by traveling on the D. & C. floating palaces. The attractions of a trip to the Mackinac region are unsurpassed. The island itself is a grand romantic spot, its climate most invigorating. Two new steel passenger steamers have just been built for the upper lake route, costing \$300,000 each. They are equipped with every modern convenience, annunciators, bath-rooms, etc., illuminated throughout by electricity, and are guaranteed to be the grandest, largest and safest steamers on fresh water. These steamers favorably compare with the great ocean liners in construction and speed. Four trips per week between Toledo, Detroit, Alpena, Mackinac, St. Ignace, Petoskey, Chicago, "Sooy," Marquette and Duluth. Daily between Cleveland and Detroit. Daily between Cleveland and Put-in-Bay. The cabins, parlors and state-rooms of these steamers are designed for the complete entertainment of humanity under home conditions; the palatial equipment, the luxury of the appointment makes traveling on these steamers thoroughly enjoyable. Send for illustrated descriptive pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. & T. A. D. & C. Detroit, Mich.

Markets.

Chelsea, Oct. 24, 1894

Eggs, per dozen.....	15c
Butter, per pound.....	19c
Oats, per bushel.....	32c
Corn, per bushel.....	25c
Wheat, per bushel.....	47c
Potatoes, per bushel.....	50c
Apples, per bushel.....	30c
Onions, per bushel.....	40
Beans, per bushel.....	\$1.35

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Proprietor of the

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Babcock building, N. Main St.

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ARE YOU? Nervous and despondent; weak or debilitated; tired mornings; non-memorial—lifeless; memory poor; easily fatigued; excitable and irritable; eyes sunken, red and blurred; pimples on face; dreams and night losses; restless; haggard looking; weak back; bone pains; hair loose; ulcers; sore throat; varicocele; deposit in urine and drains at stool; distrustful; want of confidence; lack of energy and strength—**WE CAN CURE YOU!**

RESTORED TO MANHOOD BY DRs. K. & K.

JOHN A. MANLIN, JOHN A. MANLIN, CHAS. POWERS, CHAS. POWERS.



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John A. Manlin says:—"I was one of the countless victims of early ignorance commenced at 15 years of age. I tried seven medical firms and spent \$500 without avail. I gave up in despair. The drains on my system were weakening my intellect as well as my sexual and physical life. My brother advised me as a last resort to consult Dr. Kennedy & Kergan. I commenced their New Method Treatment and in a few weeks was a new man, with new life and ambition. This was four years ago, and now I am married and happy. I recommend these reliable specialists to all my afflicted fellowmen."

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY.—CONFIDENTIAL

"The vices of early boyhood laid the foundation of my ruin. Later on a 'gay life' and exposure to blood diseases completed the work. I had all the symptoms of Nervous Debility—sunken eyes, emaciation, drain in urine, nervousness, weak back, etc. Syphilis caused my hair to fall out, bone pains, ulcers in mouth and on tongue, blotches on body, etc. I thank God I tried Dr. Kennedy & Kergan. They restored me to health, vigor and happiness." CHAS. POWERS.

Syphilis, Emissions Varicocele, Cured.

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MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect June 10th, 1894.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passengers Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING EAST.
Detroit Night Express.....5:10 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....10:35 A. M.
Mall and Express.....3:33 P. M.

GOING WEST.
Mall and Express.....9:17 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....6:30 P. M.
Chicago Night Express.....10:53 P. M.

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